## (N)NOOK

ETHOMSON<br>Linear Motion. Optimized."



FTHOMSON
Linear Motion．Optimized．＇＂


Precision Ball Screws


Worm Gear Screw Jacks


Ball Splines


Profile Rails


CC $^{\text {TM }}$ Cylinders


Planetary Roller Screws

## HISTORY

In 1969，Joseph H．Nook Jr．founded Nook Industries， Inc．，intent on becoming a global supplier of Linear Motion products．Ball screws，both rolled and ground，were the cornerstone products in the early 1970＇s，putting Nook Industries，Inc．on the map as a successful business and a trusted company．

Through the years，Nook Industries，Inc．has served as a leading manufacturer of engineered products．From
the first ball screws to the latest technologies，Nook Industries，Inc．strived to provide customers with high quality products and engineered solutions．

In 2021，Nook Industries，Inc．was acquired by Altra Industrial Motion Corp．and integrated into Thomson Industries，Inc．within the Automation \＆Specialty segment．

## MARKET SEGMENTS SERVED

| ， 1 | Aerospace | 0 | Tire Manufacture | 重 | Pulp \＆Paper |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\square$ | Packaging | 0 | Entertainment | 松 | Steel |
| ค | Automotive | $\square$ | Semiconductor | 目 | Chemical |
| 4 | Electronics | 土 | Military and Defense | \％ | Medical \＆Diagnostic |
| Q | Transportation | 0 | Factory Automation |  |  |



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Companies around the world depend on the quality products provided by Nook/Thomson to ensure their success. Nook/ Thomson provides a complete line of linear motion products, serving a wide range of market segments.

Pairing traditional and proven design with the latest technology, Nook/Thomson manufactures products that customers value. The expansion of product lines and the development of application specific components and engineered systems have propelled Nook/Thomson to the forefront of the industry.

Nook/Thomson is committed to customer satisfaction and providing high-quality, high-value products that are delivered on time at a competitive price.

## PARTNERS



MEMBER OF
AMT
 OverIOO Years of Building Giobal Productivity

## SELECTING AN ACTUATOR

## ELECTRIC CYLINDERS

- Rugged
- Industrial
- Heavy Duty
- Harsh Environments


## PA ACTUATOR ${ }^{\text {TM }}$

- Programmable
- Square Extrusion Tube Structure
- Ease of Mounting
- Servo or Stepper
option

CC ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ CYLINDER \& COMMERCIAL SERIES

- High Value
- Small Package
- Low Cost
- Feedback Options
- Flexible Mounting

Options



Nook/Thomson Linear Actuators are used in many light rail applications.

## SCREW TECHNOLOGY

Nook/Thomson Linear Actuators use the finest acme and ball screws manufactured in the world.

## ACME SCREWS

Nook/Thomson manufactures PowerAc ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ precision acme screws by thread rolling for Electric Cylinders, PA Actuator ${ }^{\text {TM }}$, and Commercial Series Actuators - a process that produces high-precision screws. Nook/Thomson Acme Screw products feature centralizing thread forms for smooth, no-wedging performance.
PowerAc™ Acme screws are made form 4140 Alloy steel with a black oxide finish with a 2 C (Centralizing) thread form. Nook/Thomson acme nut material has been selected for low friction, minimum wear, long life, and clean operations.

## BALL SCREWS

Nook/Thomson PowerTrac™ ball screws offer an efficient means of converting rotary motion to linear motion for Electric Cylinders, PA Actuator ${ }^{\mathrm{TM}}$, and Commercial Series Actuators. A ball screw is an improvement over an acme screw just as an antifriction ball bearing is an improvement over a plain bushing.
Ball screw assemblies have a number of bearing balls that transfer the load between the nut and screw. The thread form in which the bearing balls ride is an ogival shape formed from two arcs of the same radius with offset centers. This form is also referred to as a gothic arch.

Nook/Thomson ball screws are made of high strength materials. The screw shaft is made of medium carbon induction hardenable alloy steel. Ball nuts are manufactured from high grade bearing steel. Both the ball screw and nuts are heat-treated to a surface hardness not less than 56 HRC with a case depth suitably chosen to carry the load.
LEAD ACCURACY

| SCREW | LEAD ACCURACY |
| :--- | :---: |
| Acme | $\pm .0003 \mathrm{in} / \mathrm{in} \mathrm{up} \mathrm{to} 1 \frac{1}{2 \prime} 2^{\prime \prime}$ dia. |
| Ball | $\pm .004 \mathrm{in} / \mathrm{ft}$ |

## BACKLASH

Backlash (lash) is the relative axial movement between a screw and nut without rotation of the screw or nut. The axial movement between a new nut and screw will range from $.003^{\prime \prime}$ to $.015^{\prime \prime}$ depending on size. Lash in ball screws will remain constant during normal use.

## BALL SCREW SELECTIVE FIT

When less than standard lash is desired, ball nuts can be custom-fit to a specific screw with selected bearing balls to minimize lash to $.003^{\prime \prime}$ to $.005^{\prime \prime}$ depending on ball size. Select fitting may result in lower life.

## BALL SCREW PRELOAD NUTS

Nook/Thomson Linear Actuators can be modified to fit a preloaded nut, which is created by shifted internal threads that are ground. The resulting concentricity ensures uniform preload. Factory fitting on the ball screws provides a backlash-free system with uniform torque, high stiffness and long life.

## LIFE

Ball screws use rolling elements to transfer a load similar to an antifriction (ball) bearing. These elements do not wear during normal use, but rather fatigue. Therefore, ball screw life is predictable and is determined by calculating the fatigue failure of the components. Proper lubrication, regular maintenance, and operation within specified limits will allow Nook ball screws to operate to the predicted life.

|  | ACME SCREW | BALL SCREW |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Max Speed | Moderate | High |
| Acceleration | Low | High |
| Life | Low to | Better |
| Efficiency | Yoderate | High |
| Self Locking | Moderate | High |
| Positioning Accuracy | Moderate* High | Moderate |
| Stiffness | Moderate* | High |
| Static Load | High | Low |
| Dynamic Load | High | Low |
| Resistance to Failure From Shock | High | Low |
| Loading | Easy | Easy |
| Resistance to Failure From Vibration | Low | Moderate |
| Resistance to Failure From Dithering |  |  |

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## PRECISION LINEAR ACTUATORS



Nook/Thomson Electric Cylinders are widely used in the satellite dish industry.


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## ELECTRIC CYLINDERS

Electric Cylinders are ruggedly designed and produced in standard models with thrust capacities from 500 lbs . to 40,000 lbs. Electric Cylinders are intended for use in industrial environments and feature precision-ground hard chrome-plated actuator tubes with industrial enamel paint on exterior surfaces. Epoxy paint is available on request. Electric Cylinders can be supplied for outdoor applications.

These cylinders may be used individually or in multiple arrangements. Each Electric Cylinder is built to specification.


In operation, the drive sleeve rotates the lift shaft causing the actuator tube to extend and retract from the housing tube. Actuator tube must be secured to prevent rotation. Special keyed actuator tubes are available.

For use in multiple cylinder arrangements, DD Electric Cylinders can be supplied without motor mounts.

DD Electric Cylinders are available in Acme Screw or Ball Screw versions and have a variety of worm gear ratios resulting in a wide range of speeds and thrust capacities.

## RAD WORM GEAR ELECTRIC CYLINDERS

RAD worm gear driven Electric Cylinders incorporate the features of the DD with a second stage gear reduction. This secondary worm gear reduction of the RAD Electric Cylinders provides higher thrust at lower speeds. The reducer and motor can be mounted in eight possible positions for maximum flexibility.

RAD Electric Cylinders are available in Acme Screw or Ball Screw versions and have a variety of worm gear ratios resulting in a wide range of speeds and thrust capacities.

## RAD ELECTRIC CYLINDER

## DEFINITIONS \& TERMS

## BACKLASH

Backlash (lash) is the relative axial movement between a screw and nut without rotation of the screw or nut. Backlash in cylinders occurs wherever reversible load conditions exist. Backlash is less than .015" for all but the largest cylinder models. Ball Screw Cylinders can be factory adjusted to reduce backlash at the lift shaft by selecting bearing ball size in the ball nut. This selective fit technique can be used to achieve a minimal lash between the ball nut and ball screw of $.003^{\prime \prime}$ to .005 ". Precision ball screws with preloaded nuts can be supplied when less than $.003^{\prime \prime}$ backlash is required.

## REACTIONTORQUE

When an electric cylinder is used to move a load, the actuator tube must be secured to prevent rotation. The reaction torque required to prevent rotation is a function of the screw lead and the load applied on the cylinder. See product specification sheets for rod reaction torque. Prior to installation, the actuator tube can rotate freely in or out of the cylinder without movement of the input worm. This ability to rotate aids installation but prevents the optional rotary limit switch from being factory preset for end of travel positions.

Rod-Type Limit Switches prevent tube from freely rotating but are not intended to absorb the rod reaction torque.

## TRAVEL LENGTH

Electric Cylinders are not pre-assembled or stocked with standard length screws. Each cylinder is made to order based on travel length.
Cylinders can be built with non-standard lead screws to change the cylinder operating speed or with ground or preloaded screws if required by the application. Contact Nook Industries for availability of special units.

## LEAD ACCURACY

Lead accuracy is the difference between the actual distance traveled versus the theoretical distance traveled based on lead. For example: Consider a lift shaft with a .5" lead and +/-.004"/ foot lead accuracy. If the shaft is rotated 24 times, the distance the nut moves is 11.996 to 12.004 inches.
The rolled thread screws, as employed in products, are held within +/-.004" per foot lead error.

## INPUT TORQUE

The input torque is the rotary force required at the input of the cylinder to generate an output force at the actuator tube. The torque necessary to raise one pound is shown in charts on pages 18, 32-33, and $52-53$. This number, multiplied by the load, is the required input torque.

Due to static friction, starting or "breakaway" torque can be as much as two to three times running torque. If the load is moved horizontally, the force required to move the load will be lessened in proportion to the coefficient of friction of the surface along which the load is moved. In addition, the force needed to start, stop and hold
the load (inertia loading) is provided by the cylinder. Cylinder sizing should consider all these forces.
If an application calls for several cylinders to be driven together in series, input torque values should be limited to three times the rated value of the first cylinder. For multiple high lead (HL, SL) ball screw cylinders contact Nook/Thomson for allowable input torque values. Multiple cylinders driven in a series may require operation at reduced load.

## INPUT SPEED

DD and RAD Electric Cylinder models are rated at 1,725 rpm input. If provided with a servo motor, cylinders may be operated up to $3,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ provided horsepower and temperature ratings are not exceeded. Contact Nook/Thomson engineers if higher speeds are required.

When using variable speed motors, use the "Turns of Worm Per Inch Of Travel" information from the Electric Cylinder Design Data table to determine actual travel speed. Input speed (rpm) divided by input turns per inch of travel produces the travel speed in inches per minute.

NOTE: Maximum horsepower values should not be exceeded.

## DUTY CYCLE

Duty cycle is the ratio of run time to total cycle time. Some of the electrical energy input to an electric cylinder is converted into heat. The duty cycle is limited by the ability of the electric cylinder to dissipate this heat. An increase in temperature can affect the properties of some components resulting in accelerated wear, damage and possible unexpected failure.
Ratings for DD and RAD Electric Cylinders are based on intermittent operation. The approximate allowable duty cycles for DD and RAD worm gear cylinders are:

## Ball Screw versions $=35 \%$

Acme Screw versions $=\mathbf{2 5 \%}$
Duty cycle is based on standard ambient temperature, with 1 minute on 2 minute off cycles. For operation at higher duty cycles or repeated use over any segment of the total travel, housing temperature must be monitored and remain less than $200^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. Continuous or heavy duty operation is possible by de-rating the cylinder capacity, external cooling of the unit, or through the use of a recirculating lubrication system.

ILA and ILAK cylinders are direct drives with no internal gears. Duty cycle for these cylinders is a function of the motor or add-on gear box.

ELECTRIC CYLINDERS
PRECISION ACTUATORS

## SELF-LOCKING AND BRAKES

Self-locking occurs when system efficiencies are low enough that the force on the actuator lifting tube cannot cause the drive system to reverse direction. Electric Cylinders that utilize acme screws and have ratios of 20:1 or greater are self-locking and, in the absence of vibration, will hold loads without backdriving. All other models require a motor brake to prevent backdriving.

Holding torque is the amount of input torque required to restrain the load once stopped. The standard brake torque shown in the product specification sheets for DD and RAD Cylinders will stop low inertia loads within the stopping distances shown. Larger brakes may be required to stop high inertial loads, or to stop travel in shorter distances. Contact Nook Industries for recommendations.

## TEMPERATURE

All Electric Cylinders are suitable for operation within the specified limits, provided that the housing temperature is not lower than $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ or higher than $+200^{\circ}$. Factory supplied grease in standard units will operate in this range. For higher or lower operating temperature ranges contact Nook Industries, for recommendations.

## END-OF-TRAVEL STOPS

Travel stops are not standard. A limit switch and a brake should be used to stop the motor. Mechanical stops can cause damage to the cylinders because most electric motors will deliver stall torques much higher than their rated torques and motor inertia can cause severe shock loads. For hand operation, mechanical stops can be provided.

## MAXIMUM LOAD

The maximum thrust load, including shock, that can be applied to the actuator without damaging the assembly.

## DYNAMIC CAPACITY

The maximum allowable thrust load based on horsepower, thrust bearing, and screw limitation.

## TENSION LOAD

A load that tends to "stretch" the screw.

## COMPRESSION LOAD

A load that tends to "squeeze" the screw.


Nook/Thomson Linear Actuators used in a roadside lighting column.

## DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS



## LOAD CAPACITY

All anticipated loads should be within the rated capacity of the cylinder. Loads on the cylinder in most applications include: static loads, dynamic or moving loads, cutting or other reaction forces and acceleration/deceleration loads.

For shock loads, the peak load must not exceed the rated capacity of the cylinder, and an appropriate design factor should be applied commensurate with the severity of the shock.

For accidental overloads not anticipated in the design of the system, cylinders can sustain the following overload conditions without damage: $10 \%$ for dynamic loads, $30 \%$ for static loads. For multiple cylinder systems, load distribution should be considered. System stiffness, center of gravity, drive shaft windup and lead variation in the lift shafts may result in unequal load distribution.

## HORSEPOWER RATINGS

Standard DD and RAD Electric Cylinder Models are supplied with electric brake-motors sized for the load and speed rating of the cylinder.

The horse power rating of the DD and RAD Cyliners are based on max duty cycle running at standard ambient temperature, with 1 minute on 2 minute off cycles.
If an Electric Cylinder is applied at less than rated capacity, higher duty cycles may be possible. The best way to determine allowable duty cycle is to measure the cylinder gear housing temperature. The temperature of the housing near the worm must not exceed $200^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.

For Electric Cylinders supplied without brakemotors, use the information in the "Electric Cylinder Design Data" chart on pages 18, 32-33, and 52-53 for motor sizing. The horsepower is calculated by using the following formula:

| Horsepower |
| :--- |
| per cylinder |
| Torque to <br> raise one <br> pound$\times$Number <br> of pounds <br> to be raised |$\times$| Input |
| :---: |
| rpm |

The "Torque to raise one pound" value is particular to each cylinder and can be obtained from the "Electric Cylinder Design Data" charts on pages 18, 32-33, and 52-53.

Maximum horsepower ratings are based on intermittent operation. To determine whether performance is within horsepower and duty cycle limits, measure the cylinder temperature. The temperature of the housing near the worm (or at the thrust bearing mounting block for ILA cylinders) must not exceed $200^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.

CAUTION: Do not exceed the maximum allowable input horsepower for a cylinder.

## COLUMN STRENGTH

Electric Cylinder capacity may be limited by its column strength. Column strength is the ability of the cylinder to hold compressive loads without buckling. With longer screw lengths, column strength can be substantially lower than nominal cylinder capacity. When the lift screw is in tension only, travel is limited by available screw and/ or tube material or by screw critical speed. If there is any possibility for the cylinder to go into compression, the application should be checked for sufficient column strength. The charts on each cylinder specification page are used to determine the cylinder size in applications where the lift screw is loaded in compression.

The charts assume proper cylinder alignment with no bending loads present. Effects from side loading are not included in this chart. Also, cylinders operating horizontally with long lift screws can have significant bending from the weight of the screw and tubes. Consult Nook Industries if side loads are anticipated.

## CYLINDER SIZING DATA

Cylinders are limited by two constraints: load capacity and horsepower. The load capacity of the cylinder is limited by the physical constraints of its components (drive sleeve, lift shaft, bearings, etc.). The horsepower limit of the cylinder is a result of the ability to dissipate the heat generated from the inefficiencies of its components.

In order to test for these constraints, application information must be collected. The data required to size a cylinder includes:

1) Total Load - The total load includes static loads, dynamic loads and inertia loads from acceleration and deceleration. Also consider reaction forces received from the load such as drilling or cutting forces when using a cylinder to move a machine tool.
2) Number of Cylinders - The number of cylinders used depends on physical size and design of the equipment. Stiffness of the equipment structure and guide system will determine the appropriate number of cylinders required. Fewer cylinders are easier to drive, align and synchronize. For multiple-cylinder arrangements, do not assume equal loading. Calculations should be based upon "worst case" unequal loading.
3) Travel Rate - Establishing a travel rate allows for a quick cylinder selection and will be used to evaluate critical speed and horsepower

## ELECTRIC CYLINDERS

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limits. The desired rate should include time for acceleration/ deceleration.
4) Travel - Travel is the total distance the cylinder extends. This is the number that is used to calculate maximum compressive load. For cylinders with nonstandard retracted lengths, include the additional length in the compressive load evaluation.
5) Duty Cycle - The duty cycle is the ratio of run time to the total cycle time.
6) Type of Guidance - Every linear motion system needs something to move the load and something to guide the load. The degree of guidance (stiffness, accuracy, etc.) is based on application requirements.

## CYLINDER SELECTION

Once the cylinder sizing information is collected, a preliminary cylinder selection can be made and verified.

1) Select a Standard Cylinder - Use the DD, RAD, and ILA Design Data and Quick Reference Charts on pages 18, 32-33, and 52-53 to find a unit which matches the desired force and speed. Choose between a ball screw or acme screw model based on duty cycle (model suffixes which begin with " $A$ " are acme models).
2) Travel Length - When a unit is chosen, go to the product specification page for that model. Check that the desired travel length does not exceed column strength and maximum travel limits. A larger capacity cylinder may be required in order to stay within these limits.

NOTE: Travel length must include any over-travel to accommodate stopping distance.
3) Reference Number - Use the information on page 19, 35, or 55 to specify a complete Electric Cylinder Reference Number.

If the cylinder is to be used with a motor other than those listed in the catalog, if multiple cylinders are used or if the cylinder is manually operated, go to the Electric Cylinder Design Data on pages 18, 32-33, and 52-53.

1) Select a Cylinder - Choose a model whose basic capacity matches or exceeds the expected load. Make certain the dynamic and static loads do not exceed the cylinder capacity. In multiple cylinder applications, check the distribution of the load for potential uneven loading on the cylinders.
2) Speed - Use the "turns for one inch of travel" from the chart to determine the input speed required. If travel rate and motor speed are known, divide the motor speed (rpm) by the travel rate (inches per minute) to determine the "turns for one inch of travel."
3) Motor Horsepower - Calculate the horsepower required from the load, speed and "torque to raise one pound value" from the chart. Use the horsepower calculation on page 10.

If using the cylinders in multiple cylinder systems, check the total horsepower. Remember that additional gearboxes and couplings used to distribute power to the cylinders are not $100 \%$ efficient.

If the horsepower required exceeds the maximum value for the cylinder selected, several solutions are possible.

- Use a larger cylinder model to increase the maximum allowable horsepower
- Use a Ball Screw Cylinder to reduce the power required to do the same work
- Operate at a lower input speed
- Use a RAD cylinder to bring the power requirement within acceptable limits

Upon selecting a motor and brake, verify that the brake has sufficient torque to both hold the load and stop the load.

CAUTION: Cylinders with high lead ball screws (HL and SL) may require larger brakes to stop the load. An appropriately sized brake will insure against excessive "drift."
4) Column Strength - If it is possible for the cylinder to be loaded in compression, check for column strength. Consider cases where a unit normally loaded in tension can be compressively loaded if it runs into an obstruction. Also check horizontal applications for compressive loading due to acceleration or deceleration.
5) Cycle Time - If using a worm gear style Electric Cylinder, make sure cycle time does not exceed the allowable duty cycles.
6) Life - For Ball Screw Cylinders, check life expectancy against the life charts.
7) Reference Number - Use the information on page 19, 35, or 55 to specify a complete Electric Cylinder Reference Number.

## INSTALLATION

The alignment of the cylinders directly affects their service life. Cylinders must be properly aligned in all planes so the actuator tube can move in and out without evidence of binding.

Since the majority of cylinder applications use the cylinders with clevis or trunnion mounts, simply align the clevises and install the cylinder.

Set limit switches before operating. Allow for drift when setting the position. The actuator tube can move (rotate) until the unit is installed. Turn the actuator tube in or out to get the cylinder to a known position before installation to prevent over-travel.

## DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS

## MAINTENANCE

Electric Cylinders require minimum maintenance. In addition to maintaining lubrication levels in the gearbox and tubes, the following items should be checked:

- The actuator tube should be kept free of dirt. If possible, the actuator should be returned to the retracted position when not in use.
- For acme cylinders, lash between the lift shaft and travel nut greater than $1 / 4$ the screw pitch indicates the need for replacement of the cylinder lift shaft components.
- For machine screw or ball screw worm gear Electric Cylinders, check for excessive backlash between the worm and worm gear. Lash in excess of $30^{\circ}$ for ratios 5:1 to 8:1 and $60^{\circ}$ for ratios 20:1 and 24:1 indicates the need to replace the worm and worm gear.


## LUBRICATION

Electric Cylinders require lubrication to operate efficiently and with maximum life. Standard lubrication is NLGI \#2 grease. If operating conditions exceed $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $200^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$, contact Nook/Thomson, for alternative lubricants.

The cylinder gear boxes are shipped pre-greased unless otherwise specified. Before operating any unit, check the lubricant level. All cylinder housings are furnished with a grease fitting. Most have a pipe plug opposite the grease fitting. When adding grease to the housing, remove the pipe plug and fill the unit until grease exits the pipe plug opening. Overfilling the cylinder may result in grease leakage from the seals.

In normal operation, cylinder lubricant levels should be checked once per month. Application conditions may dictate a more or less frequent lubrication cycle. In extreme conditions, automatic lubrication may be desired.

Lubricants containing additives such as molydisulfide or graphite should not be used.

The lift shafts (ball and acme screws) inside the Electric Cylinder actuator tube receive lubrication through the fittings on the outside of the housing tube. Lubrication added to the housing tube can pass to the screw regardless of actuator tube position. The best way to lubricate this section of the cylinder is to add some lubricant when the cylinder is fully retracted and additional lubricant when the cylinder is extended beyond where the guide is past the lube port (see cylinder cutaway views on pages 17, 31, and 51).


H ARRANGEMENT


T ARRANGEMENT

## REQUIRED APPLICATION DATA

## Load

- Total maximum thrust load on cylinders
- Total maximum thrust load on any one cylinder
- Number of cylinders


## Travel

- Inches
- Orientation (vertical, horizontal, arc, diagonal, etc.)


## Travel Rate

- Optimal speed
- Minimal acceptable speed
- Maximum acceptable speed


## Duty Cycle

- Distance per cycle
- Number of cycles per time period
- Maximum distance traveled in any year
- Life desired


## Configuration

- Tension, compression, or both
- Driven by motor or other
- Translating, Rotating, or Double Clevis


## Arrangement

- Arrangement Type, (H, T, U, Inline)
- Arrangement Dimensions (X, Y1, Y2, etc.)

For dimension information, please refer to the guides online at www.nookindustries.com.


Nook Electric Cylinders are used in many maritime applications.


IN-LINE ARRANGEMENT


U ARRANGEMENT

## APPLICATION EXAMPLES

## APPLICATION \#1 - DISTRIBUTION CONVEYOR

An agricultural conveyor system distributes filler material across a 48 inch wide packaging line. One end of the conveyor is hinged to a loading station, the other end must move across the conveyor.

## SPECIFICATIONS

- The maximum load from the conveyor with material is $1,100 \mathrm{lb}$
- A servo drive will be used to control the actuator
- The conveyor will move 480 times per hour, 16 hours per day, 350 days per year
- Life expectancy is 5 years
- Travel length is 24 inches maximum
- Minimum Travel Rate is 24 inches in 3 seconds


## ANALYSIS

An In-Line cylinder will be used because of the frequent cycle requirement. With a travel rate of 480 inches per min ((24 inches / 3 seconds) $\times 60$ seconds) and a life expectancy of 15 million inches, an ILA-10-HL is selected. The application would require a servomotor that can produce 96.8 inch-lbs of torque ( 0.088 inch-lbs $\times 1,100 \mathrm{lbs}$ ) at 960 rpm ( 480 inches per min / .500 Lead).

## SELECTION:

ILA-10-HL / SPC /TC/ 24 / M

M - Custom motor mount to fit customer-specified servo motor.



## APPLICATION \#2 - HVAC DUCT VALVE

An HVAC $6^{\prime} \times 6^{\prime}$ duct valve is located 30 feet above a manufacturing process facility floor. The baffle needs to be adjusted periodically to maintain proper airflow through the building. The loads, duty cycle and other operation details have been identified. The concern is with the amount of dust and particulate that will accumulate on the actuator due to the fact that it is located directly above foam manufacturing equipment.

## SPECIFICATIONS:

- Maximum force to open and close the valve under maximum airflow is $2,000 \mathrm{lb}$
- Cylinder will be in compression
- Maximum speed is 32 inches per minute
- Actuation cycle: 2 times per day; 365 days per year
- Desired design life is twenty years
- Mechanism must be mounted overhead
- Limit switches required
- Maximum travel is 18 inches


## ANALYSIS

There is a specific life requirement so a ball screw actuator is required. As shown on the Series DD-25 product reference pages $40-41$, using the DD-2512-HD with a $1 / 2 \mathrm{hp}$ brake motor will provide a travel rate of 36 "/min and give 4.1 million inches of life at $2,000 \mathrm{lbs}$.

Additionally, the charts show that this application is within the column load strength of the DD-2512-HD. The door swings through an arc so a double clevis style will be required. Due to the environment concerns, an enclosed Rotary Limit Switch should be used instead of a Rod-Type Limit Switch.

## SELECTION:

DD-2512-HD / 05BT -1 / 2CA - 4E / CC / 18 / S


## ILA ELECTRIC CYLINDERS

ILA Electric Cylinders have many of the same benefits of DD and RAD Electric Cylinders, including a rugged design and capacities from $1,000 \mathrm{lb}$ to $21,000 \mathrm{lb}$. ILA Electric Cylinders incorporate a direct drive without an internal reduction. The screw drive is directly coupled with an external speed reducer, stepper motor, servo motor, or NEMA mounted motors.

ILA Electric Cylinders can be supplied for outdoor applications. Each Electric Cylinder is built to specification. Custom motor or reducer mounts are available.


Nook/Thomson Electric Cylinders used in a commercial sawmill.

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## ILA DESIGN DATA

|  | MODEL NUMBER | SCREW <br> SIZE | INPUTTURNS PER INCH OFTRAVEL | TORQUETO RAISE 1 LB (IN-LB) | MAX <br> LOAD <br> (LB) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 SERIES | ILA - 5 HL | 0631-0500 SRT RA | 2 | 0.088 | 1,000 |
|  | ILA - 5 HD | 0631-0200 SRT RA | 5 | 0.035 | 1,000 |
|  | ILAK - 5 HL | 0631-0500 SRT RA | 2 | 0.088 | 1,000 |
|  | ILAK - 5 HD | 0631-0200 SRT RA | 5 | 0.035 | 1,000 |
| 10 SERIES | ILA - 10 HL | 0750-0500 SRT RA | 2 | 0.088 | 1,200 |
|  | ILA - 10 HD | 0750-0200 SRT RA | 5 | 0.035 | 2,200 |
|  | ILAK - 10 HL | 0750-0500 SRT RA | 2 | 0.088 | 1,200 |
|  | ILAK - 10 HD | 0750-0200 SRT RA | 5 | 0.035 | 2,200 |
| 25 SERIES | ILA - 25 HL | 1000-1000 SRT RA | 1 | 0.177 | 2,200 |
|  | ILA - 25 ML | 1000-0500 SRT RA | 2 | 0.088 | 3,500 |
|  | ILA - 25 HD | 1000-0250 SRT RA | 4 | 0.044 | 3,500 |
|  | ILAK - 25 HL | 1000-1000 SRT RA | 1 | 0.177 | 2,200 |
|  | ILAK - 25 ML | 1000-0500 SRT RA | 2 | 0.088 | 3,500 |
|  | ILAK - 25 HD | 1000-0250 SRT RA | 4 | 0.044 | 3,500 |
| 100 SERIES | ILA-100 SL | 1500-1875 SRT RA | . 53 | 0.332 | 2,500 |
|  | ILA-100 HL | 1500-1000 SRT RA | 1 | 0.177 | 4,600 |
|  | ILA-100 HD | 1500-0473 SRT RA | 2.11 | 0.084 | 9,000 |
|  | ILAK-100 SL | 1000-1875 SRT RA | . 53 | 0.332 | 2,500 |
|  | ILAK-100 HL | 1500-1000 SRT RA | 1 | 0.177 | 4,600 |
|  | ILAK-100 HD | 1500-0473 SRT RA | 2.11 | 0.084 | 9,000 |
| 200 SERIES | ILA-200 HL | 2250-1000 SRT RA | 1 | 0.177 | 11,000 |
|  | ILA-200 HD | 2250-0500 SRT RA | 2 | 0.088 | 21,000 |
|  | ILAK-200 HL | 2250-1000 SRT RA | 1 | 0.177 | 11,000 |
|  | ILAK-200 HD | 2250-0500 SRT RA | 2 | 0.088 | 21,000 |

Optional Configuration - Contact Nook Engineering


## REFERENCE NUMBER SYSTEM

SERIES ILA MODEL
Refer to product pages for available models.
ILA = Standard In-Line Actuator
ILAK = Keyed In-Line Actuator

## MOTOR MOUNT CODES

SPC-_ = Special Modified Motor Mount
Motor Mounts Without Motor (Refer to product pages for available models.)

## NEMA Frame Mounts

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { X04 } & =(48 C) \text { ILA-5, ILAK-5, ILA-10, ILAK-10 } \\
\text { X05 } & =(56 C) \text { All models except ILA-200, ILAK-200 } \\
\text { X14 } & =(140 T C) \text { All models except ILA-5, ILAK-5, ILA-10, ILAK-10 } \\
\text { X18 } & =(180 T C) \text { ILA-100, ILAK-100, ILA 200, ILAK-200 } \\
\text { X21 } & =(210 T C) \text { ILA-100, ILAK-100, ILA 200, ILAK-200 }
\end{aligned}
$$

IEC Frame Mounts
56B5 = ILA-5, ILAK-5
56B14 = ILA-5, ILAK-5
63B5 $=$ ILA-10, ILAK-10
63B14 = ILA-10, ILAK-10
71B5 = ILA-10, ILAK-10, ILA-25, ILAK-25
71B14 = ILA-10, ILAK-10, ILA-25, ILAK-25
80B5 = ILA-25, ILAK-25, ILA-100, ILAK-100
80B14 = ILA-25, ILAK-25, ILA-100, ILAK-100
90B5 = ILA-100, ILAK-100
90B14 = ILA-100, ILAK-100
100B5 = ILA-100, ILAK-100, ILA0-200, ILAK-200
100B14 = ILA 100, ILAK-100, ILA0-200, ILAK-200

* Unless specified at the time of order, the electric cylinder will be supplied with a jaw-type coupling that may reduce the allowable torque input. For more information please contact Nook application engineers.


## HOUSING CONFIGURATION

T = Standard Trunnion Pins

## ROD CONFIGURATION

T = Threaded End
C = Clevis End
D = Threaded rod end with female clevis installed
P = Top Plate

## TRAVEL

Travel in inches

## MODIFIER LIST

[^1]
## SERIES ILA-5 \& ILAK-5

TRUNNION MOUNT PART NUMBER 9015-5


| MODEL NUMBER | Maximum Load (lb) | Max Input Torque (in.-lb.) | Max Travel Rate (in/min) | Ball Screw Model Number | Torque per lb. (in.-lb.) | Basic Weight (lb) | Dimensions |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | A | B |
| ILA-5 HL | 1.000 | 88 | 2,377 | 0631-0500 SRT | 0.088 | 29 | 2.25 | 2.25 |
| ILA-5 HD | 1.000 | 35 | 951 | 0631-0200 SRT | 0.035 | 29 | 2.25 | 2.25 |
| ILAK-5 HL (keyed) | 1.000 | 88 | 2,377 | 0631-0500 SRT | 0.089 | 29 | 3.50 | 3.50 |
| ILAK-5 HD (keyed) | 1.000 | 35 | 951 | 0631-0200 SRT | 0.036 | 29 | 3.50 | 3.50 |

Total Weight $=(0.87 \mathrm{lb}) \times$ Travel + Basic Weight
Rod Reaction Torque $=$ Torque per Ib. $\times$ Load

NOTE: Cylinder is self-lowering.
Input shaft must be secured to prevent rotation.

NOTE: Nook/Thomson ILA Series cylinders can be supplied with motor mounts. The sizes listed in the chart are mounts designed to match up to common motor faces. Application torque requirements and coupling size, style and attachment method will affect the size of the motor mount. See reference number pages 68 and 69 for motor mount/cylinder model availability. A custom motor mount can be manufactured to your specifications, please contact Nook/Thomson.


* Dimension based on motor mount. Contact factory with your specific requirements

| Motor Frame | Frame Size | $\varnothing$ E | $\varnothing F$ | $\varnothing G$ | $\varnothing H$ | $\varnothing J$ | K | L |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NEMA | 48 | $4.63^{\prime \prime}$ | $3.12^{\prime \prime}$ | $3.75^{\prime \prime}$ | $.28^{\prime \prime}$ | $3.00^{\prime \prime}$ | $.16^{\prime \prime}$ | $.50^{\prime \prime}$ |
| IEC | $56 B 5$ | 120 mm | 64 mm | 100 mm | 8.5 mm | 80 mm | 3.5 mm | 7 mm |
| IEC | 56 B 14 | 80 mm | 64 mm | 65 mm | 6 mm | 50 mm | 3.0 mm | 6 mm |

Servo or stepper motors are available.

## COLUMN LOAD



CRITICAL SPEED


LIFE EXPECTANCY


FTHOMSON

## SERIES ILA-10 \& ILAK-10

## TRUNNION MOUNT PART NUMBER 9015-10



| MODEL NUMBER | Maximum Load (lb) | Max Input Torque (in.-lb.) | Max Travel Rate (in/min) | Ball Screw Model Number | Torque per Lb. (in.-lb.) | Basic Weight (lb) | Dimensions |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | A | B |
| ILA-10 HL | 1,200 | 105 | 2,000 | 0750-0500 SRT | 0.088 | 32 | 2.50 | 1.44 |
| ILA-10-HD | 2,200 | 77 | 800 | 0750-0200 SRT | 0.035 | 32 | 2.50 | 1.44 |
| ILAK-10 HL (Keyed) | 1,200 | 105 | 2,000 | 0750-0500 SRT | 0.089 | 32 | 4.00 | 1.25 |
| ILAK-10 HD (Keyed) | 2,200 | 77 | 800 | 0750-0200 SRT | 0.036 | 32 | 4.00 | 1.25 |

Total Weight $=(0.98 \mathrm{lb}) \times$ Travel + Basic Weight
Rod Reaction Torque $=$ Torque per lb. $\times$ Load

NOTE: Cylinder is self-lowering.
Input shaft must be secured to prevent rotation.

NOTE: Nook/Thomson ILA Series cylinders can be supplied with motor mounts. The sizes listed in the chart are mounts designed to match up to common motor faces. Application torque requirements and coupling size, style and attachment method will affect the size of the motor mount. See reference number pages 68 and 69 for motor mount/cylinder model availability. A custom motor mount can be manufactured to your specifications, please contact Nook/Thomson.

＊Dimension based on motor mount．Contact factory with your specific requirements

| Motor Frame | Frame Size | $\varnothing E$ | $\varnothing F$ | $\varnothing G$ | $\varnothing H$ | $\varnothing J$ | $K$ | $L$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NEMA | $56 C$ | $6.75^{\prime \prime}$ | $3.50^{\prime \prime}$ | $5.88^{\prime \prime}$ | $.41^{\prime \prime}$ | $4.50^{\prime \prime}$ | $.16^{\prime \prime}$ | $.50^{\prime \prime}$ |
| IEC | $63 B 5$ | 140 mm | 70 mm | 115 mm | 9 mm | 95 mm | 4 mm | 8 mm |
| IEC | $63 B 14$ | 90 mm | 70 mm | 75 mm | 6 mm | 60 mm | 3.5 mm | 8 mm |
| IEC | 71 B 5 | 160 mm | 85 mm | 130 mm | 9 mm | 110 mm | 4.5 mm | 10 mm |
| IEC | 71 B 14 | 105 mm | 85 mm | 85 mm | 7 mm | 70 mm | 4 mm | 10 mm |

Servo or stepper motors are available．

## COLUMN LOAD



CRITICAL SPEED


LIFE EXPECTANCY


## SERIES ILA-25 \& ILAK-25

## TRUNNION MOUNT PART NUMBER 9015-25



| MODEL NUMBER | Maximum Load (lb) | Max Input Torque (in.-lb.) | Max Travel Rate (in/min) | Ball Screw Model Number | Torque per Lb. (in.-lb.) | Basic <br> Weight <br> (lb) | Dimensions |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | A | B |
| ILA-25 HL | 2,200 | 390 | 3,000 | 1000-1000 SRT | 0.177 | 47 | 3.00 | 1.50 |
| ILA-25-ML | 3,500 | 308 | 1,500 | 1000-0500 SRT | 0.088 | 47 | 3.00 | 1.50 |
| ILA-25-HD | 3,500 | 154 | 750 | 1000-0250 SRT | 0.044 | 47 | 3.00 | 1.50 |
| ILAK-25 HL (Keyed) | 2,200 | 390 | 3,000 | 1000-1000 SRT | 0.179 | 47 | 4.00 | 1.25 |
| ILAK-25-ML (Keyed) | 3,500 | 308 | 1,500 | 1000-0500 SRT | 0.093 | 47 | 4.00 | 1.25 |
| ILAK-25-HD (Keyed) | 3,500 | 154 | 750 | 1000-0250 SRT | 0.044 | 47 | 4.00 | 1.25 |

Total Weight $=(1.29 \mathrm{lb}) \times$ Travel + Basic Weight
Rod Reaction Torque $=$ Torque per lb. $\times$ Load
NOTE: Cylinder is self-lowering Input shaft must be secured to prevent rotation.

NOTE: Nook/Thomson ILA Series cylinders can be supplied with motor mounts. The sizes listed in the chart are mounts designed to match up to common motor faces. Application torque requirements and coupling size, style and attachment method will affect the size of the motor mount. See reference number pages 68 and 69 for motor mount/cylinder model availability. A custom motor mount can be manufactured to your specifications, please contact Nook/Thomson.

＊Dimension based on motor mount．Contact factory with your specific requirements

| Motor Frame | Frame Size | $\varnothing$ E | $\varnothing F$ | $\varnothing G$ | $\varnothing H$ | $\varnothing J$ | K | L |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NEMA | $56 C$ | $6.75^{\prime \prime}$ | $3.75^{\prime \prime}$ | $5.88^{\prime \prime}$ | $.41^{\prime \prime}$ | $4.50^{\prime \prime}$ | $.16^{\prime \prime}$ | $.50^{\prime \prime}$ |
| NEMA | 140 TC | $6.75^{\prime \prime}$ | $3.75^{\prime \prime}$ | $5.88^{\prime \prime}$ | $.41^{\prime \prime}$ | $4.50^{\prime \prime}$ | $.16^{\prime \prime}$ | $.50^{\prime \prime}$ |
| NEMA | 180 TC | $9.25^{\prime \prime}$ | $3.75^{\prime \prime}$ | $7.25^{\prime \prime}$ | $.56^{\prime \prime}$ | $8.50^{\prime \prime}$ | $.28^{\prime \prime}$ | $.75^{\prime \prime}$ |
| IEC | 71 B 5 | 160 mm | 85 mm | 130 mm | 9 mm | 110 mm | 4.5 mm | 10 mm |
| IEC | 71 B14 | 105 mm | 85 mm | 85 mm | 7 mm | 70 mm | 4 mm | 10 mm |
| IEC | $80 B 5$ | 200 mm | 85 mm | 165 mm | 11 mm | 130 mm | 4.5 mm | 12 mm |
| IEC | $80 B 14$ | 120 mm | 85 mm | 100 mm | 7 mm | 80 mm | 4 mm | 12 mm |

Servo or stepper motors are available．


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Linear Motion. Optimized.

## SERIES ILA-100 \& ILAK-100

## TRUNNION MOUNT

PART NUMBER 9015-100


| MODEL NUMBER | Max <br> Load <br> (lb) | Max Input Torque (in.-lb.) | Max Travel Rate (in/min) | Ball Screw Model Number | Torque per Lb. (in.-lb.) | Basic Weight (lb) | Dimensions |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | A | B | C | D |
| ILA-100 SL | 2,500 | 830 | 3,750 | 1500-1875 SRT | 0.332 | 89 | 4.00 | 2.50 | 16.00 | 19.00 |
| ILA-100 HL | 4,600 | 814 | 2,000 | 1500-1000 SRT | 0.177 | 89 | 4.00 | 2.50 | 14.18 | 17.14 |
| ILA-100 HD | 9,000 | 756 | 946 | 1500-0473 SRT | 0.084 | 89 | 4.00 | 2.50 | 14.18 | 17.14 |
| ILAK-100 SL (keyed) | 2,500 | 830 | 3,750 | 1500-1875 SRT | 0.336 | 89 | 6.50 | 2.00 | 17.50 | 20.50 |
| ILAK-100 HL (keyed) | 4,600 | 814 | 2,000 | 1500-1000 SRT | 0.179 | 89 | 6.50 | 2.00 | 14.18 | 17.14 |
| ILAK-100 HD (keyed) | 9,000 | 756 | 946 | 1500-0473 SRT | 0.084 | 89 | 6.50 | 2.00 | 14.18 | 17.14 |

Total Weight $=(2.08 \mathrm{lb}) \times$ Travel + Basic Weight
Rod Reaction Torque $=$ Torque per lb. $\times$ Load
NOTE: Cylinder is self-lowering.
Input shaft must be secured to prevent rotation.

NOTE: Nook/Thomson ILA Series cylinders can be supplied with motor mounts. The sizes listed in the chart are mounts designed to match up to common motor faces. Application torque requirements and coupling size, style and attachment method will affect the size of the motor mount. See reference number pages 68 and 69 for motor mount/cylinder model availability. A custom motor mount can be manufactured to your specifications, please contact Nook/Thomson.


* Dimension based on motor mount. Contact factory with your specific requirements

| Motor Frame | Frame Size | ØE | ØF | ØG | ØH | ØJ | K | L |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NEMA | 56C | $6.75{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $4.38{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 5.88" | .41" | 4.50" | .16" | 50" |
| NEMA | 140TC | $6.75{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $4.38{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $5.88{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | . 41 " | 4.50 " | .16" | .50" |
| NEMA | 180TC | $9.25{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 5.19 " | $7.25{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | .56" | 8.50" | .28" | .75" |
| IEC | 80B5 | 200 mm | 96 mm | 165 mm | 11 mm | 130 mm | 4.5 mm | 12 mm |
| IEC | 80B14 | 120 mm | 96 mm | 100 mm | 7 mm | 80 mm | 4 mm | 12 mm |
| IEC | 90B5 | 200 mm | 116 mm | 165 mm | 11 mm | 130 mm | 4.5 mm | 12 mm |
| IEC | 90B14 | 140 mm | 116 mm | 115 mm | 9 mm | 95 mm | 4.5 mm | 12 mm |
| IEC | 100B5 | 250 mm | 116 mm | 215 mm | 13 mm | 180 mm | 5 mm | 14 mm |
| IEC | 100B14 | 160 mm | 116 mm | 130 mm | 9 mm | 110 mm | 5 mm | 14 mm |

Servo or stepper motors are available.

## COLUMN LOAD



CRITICAL SPEED


LIFE EXPECTANCY


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## SERIES ILA-2OO \& ILAK-2OO

## TRUNNION MOUNT <br> PART NUMBER 9015-200



|  |  |  |  |  |  | Basic | Dimensions |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MODEL <br> NUMBER | Maximum <br> Load (lb) | Max Input <br> Torque (in.-lb.) | MaxTravel <br> Rate (in/min) | Ball Screw <br> Model Number | Torque per <br> Lb. (in.lb.) | Weight <br> (lb) | A |
| ILA-200 HL | 11,000 | 1,947 | 1,333 | $2250-1000$ SRT | 0.177 | 194 | 5.25 |
| ILA-200-HD | 21,000 | 1,848 | 667 | $2250-0500$ SRT | 0.088 | 194 | 5.25 |
| ILAK-200 HL (Keyed) | 11,000 | 1,947 | 1,337 | $2250-1000$ SRT | 0.178 | 194 | 7.50 |
| ILAK-200 HD (Keyed) | 21,000 | 1,848 | 667 | $2250-0500$ SRT | 0.088 | 194 | 7.50 |

Total Weight $=(3.06 \mathrm{lb}) \times$ Travel + Basic Weight
Rod Reaction Torque $=$ Torque per lb. $\times$ Load

NOTE: Cylinder is self-lowering.
Input shaft must be secured to prevent rotation.

NOTE: Nook/Thomson ILA Series cylinders can be supplied with motor mounts. The sizes listed in the chart are mounts designed to match up to common motor faces. Application torque requirements and coupling size, style and attachment method will affect the size of the motor mount. See reference number pages 68 and 69 for motor mount/cylinder model availability. A custom motor mount can be manufactured to your specifications, please contact Nook/Thomson.

＊Dimension based on motor mount．Contact factory with your specific requirements

| Motor Frame | Frame Size | $\varnothing E$ | $\varnothing F$ | $\varnothing G$ | $\varnothing H$ | $\varnothing J$ | K | L |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NEMA | $180 T C$ | $9.25^{\prime \prime}$ | $5.19^{\prime \prime}$ | $7.25^{\prime \prime}$ | $.56^{\prime \prime}$ | $8.50^{\prime \prime}$ | $.28^{\prime \prime}$ | $.75^{\prime \prime}$ |
| NEMA | $213 T C$ | $8.88^{\prime \prime}$ | $5.69^{\prime \prime}$ | $7.25^{\prime \prime}$ | $.56^{\prime \prime}$ | $8.50^{\prime \prime}$ | $.28^{\prime \prime}$ | $.88^{\prime \prime}$ |
| IEC | $100 B 5$ | 250 mm | 134 mm | 215 mm | 13 mm | 180 mm | 5 mm | 14 mm |
| IEC | $100 B 14$ | 160 mm | 134 mm | 130 mm | 9 mm | 110 mm | 5 mm | 14 mm |

Servo or stepper motors are available．

## COLUMN LOAD



CRITICAL SPEED


LIFE EXPECTANCY


## DD ELECTRIC CYLINDERS

DD Electric Cylinders are ruggedly designed and produced in standard models with thrust capacities from 500 lbs . to 40,000 lbs. DD Electric Cylinders feature a single reduction and are intended for use in industrial environments. They feature ground and hard chrome plated actuator tubes. The exterior surfaces feature industrial enamel paint. Epoxy paint is available on request.

These cylinders may be used individually or in multiple arrangements. Each Electric Cylinder is built to specification. For outdoor application of DD Electric Cylinders, contact Nook/Thomson Engineering for recommended alterations.


[^2]
DD ELECTRIC CYLINDERS ..... 34-37
Design Data ..... 34-35
Quick Reference ..... 36
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DD ELECTRIC CYLINDERS
TECHNICAL DATA ..... 38-51
Series DD-5 ..... 38-39
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Series DD-30 ..... 44-45
Series DD-50 ..... 46-47
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Series DD-200 ..... 50-51

## DD DESIGN DATA

BALL SCREW MODELS

|  | MODEL NUMBER | GEAR <br> RATIO | $\begin{gathered} \text { SCREW } \\ \text { SIZE } \end{gathered}$ | TURNS OF WORM PER INCH OFTRAVEL | TORQUETO RAISE 1 LB (IN-LB) | MAX <br> LOAD <br> (LB) | MAX <br> INPUT (HP)* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 SERIES | DD - 55 - HL | 5:1 | 0631-0500 SRT RA | 10 | 0.0242 | 1,000 | . 33 |
|  | DD-520-HL | 20:1 | 0631-0500 SRT RA | 40 | 0.0102 | 1,000 | . 16 |
|  | DD - 55 - HD | 5:1 | 0631-0200 SRT RA | 25 | 0.0095 | 1,000 | . 33 |
|  | DD-520-H5 | 20:1 | 0631-0200 SRT RA | 100 | 0.0040 | 1,000 | . 16 |
| 10 SERIES | DD - 105 - HL | 5:1 | 0750-0500 SRT RA | 10 | 0.0241 | 2,000 | . 5 |
|  | DD - 1020 - HL | 20:1 | 0750-0500 SRT RA | 40 | 0.0114 | 2,000 | 25 |
|  | DD - 105 - HD | 5:1 | 0750-0200 SRT RA | 25 | 0.0095 | 2,000 | . 5 |
|  | DD - 1020 - HD | 20:1 | 0750-0200 SRT RA | 100 | 0.0045 | 2,000 | . 25 |
| 25 SERIES | DD - 256 - HL | 6:1 | 1000-1000 SRT RA | 6 | 0.0404 | 5,000 | 2 |
|  | DD - 2512 - HL | 12:1 | 1000-1000 SRT RA | 12 | 0.0244 | 5,000 | 1.5 |
|  | DD - 256 - ML | 6:1 | 1000-0500 SRT RA | 12 | 0.0201 | 5,000 | 2 |
|  | DD - 256 - HD | 6:1 | 1000-0250 SRT RA | 24 | 0.0102 | 5,000 | 2 |
|  | DD - 2512 - HD | 12:1 | 1000-0250 SRT RA | 48 | 0.0061 | 5,000 | 1.5 |
|  | DD - 2524 - HD | 24:1 | 1000-0250 SRT RA | 96 | 0.0042 | 5,000 | . 5 |
| 30 SERIES | DD - 306 - HD | 6:1 | 1171-0413 SRT RA | 14.53 | 0.0167 | 6,000 | 2 |
|  | DD - 3012 - HD | 12:1 | 1171-0413 SRT RA | 29.1 | 0.0169 | 6,000 | 1.5 |
|  | DD - 3024 - HD | 24:1 | 1171-0413 SRT RA | 58.10 | 0.0070 | 6,000 | . 5 |
| 50 SERIES | DD-506-SL | 6:1 | 1500-1875 SRT RA | 3.2 | 0.0726 | 10,000 | 3 |
|  | DD - 506 - HL | 6:1 | 1500-1000 SRT RA | 6 | 0.0387 | 10,000 | 3 |
|  | DD - 5024 - HL | 24:1 | 1500-1000 SRT RA | 24 | 0.0153 | 10,000 | . 75 |
|  | DD - 506 - HD | 6:1 | 1500-0473 SRT RA | 12.66 | 0.0183 | 10,000 | 3 |
|  | DD - 5024 - HD | 24:1 | 1500-0473 SRT RA | 50.66 | 0.0073 | 10,000 | . 75 |
| 100 SERIES | DD - 1008 -SL | 8:1 | 1500-1875 SRT RA | 4.26 | 0.0598 | 20,000 | 5 |
|  | DD - 1008 - HL | 8:1 | 1500-1000 SRT RA | 8 | 0.0319 | 20,000 | 5 |
|  | DD - 10024 - HL | 24:1 | 1500-1000 SRT RA | 24 | 0.0162 | 20,000 | 1.5 |
|  | DD - 1008-HD | 8:1 | 1500-0473 SRT RA | 16.88 | 0.0151 | 20,000 | 5 |
|  | DD - 10024 - HD | 24:1 | 1500-0473 SRT RA | 50.66 | 0.0077 | 20,000 | 1.5 |
| 200 SERIES | DD - 2008 - HL | 8:1 | 2250-1000 SRT RA | 8 | 0.0313 | 40,000 | 7.5 |
|  | DD - 20024 - HL | 24:1 | 2250-1000 SRT RA | 24 | 0.0157 | 40,000 | 2.5 |
|  | DD - 2008 - HD | 8:1 | 2250-0500 SRT RA | 16 | 0.0157 | 40,000 | 7.5 |
|  | DD - 20024 - HD | 24:1 | 2250-0500 SRT RA | 48 | 0.0079 | 40,000 | 2.5 |

*Based on 35\% Duty Cycle. Refer to page 10 for horsepower rating definitions.

## DD DESIGN DATA

ACME SCREW MODELS

|  | MODEL NUMBER | GEAR <br> RATIO | SCREW SIZE | TURNS OF WORM PER INCH OFTRAVEL | TORQUETO RAISE 1 LB (IN-LB) | MAX LOAD (LB) | MAX INPUT (HP)* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 SERIES | DD-55-A5 | 5:1 | 5/8"-5 RA | 25 | 0.021 | 1,000 | . 33 |
|  | DD-520-A5 | 20:1 | $58^{\prime \prime}-5 \mathrm{RA}$ | 100 | 0.009 | 1,000 | . 16 |
|  | DD - 55 - A8 | 5:1 | $58^{\prime \prime}$-8 RA | 40 | 0.017 | 1,000 | . 33 |
|  | DD-520-A8 | 20:1 | $58^{\prime \prime}-8$ RA | 160 | 0.007 | 1,000 | . 16 |
|  | DD - 55 -A10 | 5:1 | $1 / 2$ "-10 RA | 50 | 0.014 | 1,000 | . 33 |
|  | DD -520-A10 | 20:1 | $1 / 2$ "-10 RA | 200 | 0.006 | 1,000 | . 16 |
| 10 SERIES | DD - 105 - A5 | 5:1 | $3 / 4$ "-5 RA | 25 | 0.0225 | 2,000 | . 5 |
|  | DD - 1020-A5 | 20:1 | $3 / 4$ "-5 RA | 100 | 0.0125 | 2,000 | . 25 |
| 25 SERIES | DD-256-A2 | 6:1 | $1 "-2 \mathrm{RA}$ | 12 | 0.0334 | 5,000 | 2 |
|  | DD-256-A4 | 6:1 | 1 "-4 RA | 24 | 0.0252 | 5,000 | 2 |
|  | DD - 2512 - A4 | 12:1 | 1 "-4 RA | 48 | 0.0148 | 5,000 | 1.5 |
|  | DD - 2524-A4 | 24:1 | 1 "-4 RA | 96 | 0.0106 | 5,000 | . 5 |
| 30 SERIES | DD-306-A4 | 6:1 | 11/4"-4 RA | 24 | 0.0271 | 6,000 | 2 |
|  | DD - 3012 - A4 | 12:1 | $11 / 4 "-4$ RA | 48 | 0.0165 | 6,000 | 1.5 |
|  | DD - 3024 -A4 | 24:1 | 11/4"-4 RA | 96 | 0.0118 | 6,000 | . 5 |
| 50 SERIES | DD-506-A2 | 6:1 | 11/2"-2 RA | 12 | 0.0437 | 10,000 | 3 |
|  | DD-506-A3 | 6:1 | $11 / 2^{\prime \prime}-2{ }^{2 / 3}$ RA | 16 | 0.0376 | 10,000 | 3 |
|  | DD - 5024-A3 | 24:1 | $11 / 2^{\prime \prime}-2 / 3 / 3$ RA | 64 | 0.0144 | 10,000 | . 75 |
| 100 SERIES | DD - 1008-A2 | 8:1 | 2"-2 RA | 16 | 0.0377 | 20,000 | 5 |
|  | DD - 10024 - A2 | 24:1 | 2"-2 RA | 48 | 0.0192 | 20,000 | 1.5 |
|  | DD - 1008-A4 | 8:1 | 2"-4 RA | 32 | 0.0314 | 20,000 | 5 |
|  | DD - 10024-A4 | 24:1 | 2"-4 RA | 96 | 0.0160 | 20,000 | 1.5 |
| 200 SERIES | DD - 2008 -A2 | 8:1 | 21/2"-2 RA | 16 | 0.0435 | 40,000 | 7.5 |
|  | DD-20024-A2 | 24:1 | 21/2"-2 RA | 48 | 0.0218 | 40,000 | 2.5 |
|  | DD - 2008 - A3 | 8:1 | $21 / 2$ "-3 RA | 24 | 0.0394 | 40,000 | 7.5 |
|  | DD-20024-A3 | 24:1 | 21/2"-3 RA | 72 | 0.0198 | 40,000 | 2.5 |

*Based on 25\% Duty Cycle. Refer to page 10 for horsepower rating definitions.

## QUICK REFERENCE

DD MODEL STANDARD WITH MOTORS

## BALL SCREW CYLINDERS

| MODEL NUMBER | DYNAMIC CAPACITY (lbf) | TRAVEL RATE (IN/MIN) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DD-105-HL / 05XX | 750 | 172 |
| DD-1020-HL / 02XX | 800 | 43 |
| DD-256-HL / 10XX | 900 | 287 |
| DD-506-SL / 20XX | 950 | 539 |
| DD-1008-SL / 20XX | 1,150 | 404 |
| DD-2524-HD / 03XX | 1,500 | 18 |
| DD-2512-HL / 10XX | 1,500 | 144 |
| DD-256-ML / 10XX | 1,800 | 144 |
| DD-256-HL / 20XX | 1,800 | 288 |
| DD-105-HD / 05XX | 1,900 | 69 |
| DD-1020-HD / 02XX | 2,000 | 17 |
| DD-2512-HD / 05XX | 2,000 | 36 |
| DD-256-HD / 07XX | 2,000 | 72 |
| DD-506-HL / 20XX | 2,000 | 288 |
| DD-1008-HL / 20XX | 2,175 | 216 |
| DD-3012-HD / 07XX | 2,500 | 60 |
| DD-306-HD / 15XX | 2,500 | 120 |
| DD-506-HL / 30XX | 2,500 | 287 |
| DD-3024-HD / 05XX | 2,700 | 30 |
| DD-10024-HL / 15XX | 2,700 | 72 |
| DD-306-HD / 15XX | 3,275 | 120 |
| DD-5024-HD / 07XX | 3,400 | 34 |
| DD-3012-HD / 10XX | 3,600 | 60 |
| DD-256-HD / 10XX | 3,600 | 72 |
| DD-256-ML / 20XX | 3,600 | 144 |
| DD-20024-HL / 20XX | 4,000 | 72 |
| DD-506-HD / 20XX | 4,000 | 136 |
| DD-2524-HD / 05XX | 4,450 | 18 |
| DD-2512-HD / 07XX | 4,450 | 36 |
| DD-1008-HD / 20XX | 4,600 | 102 |
| DD-1008-HL / 50XX | 5,400 | 216 |
| DD-506-HD / 30XX | 5,750 | 136 |
| DD-20024-HD / 20XX | 7,000 | 36 |
| DD-10024-HD / 15XX | 7,150 | 34 |
| DD-1008-HD / 30XX | 7,500 | 102 |
| DD-2008-HL / 75XX | 8,000 | 216 |
| DD-20024-HD / 30XX | 10,000 | 36 |
| DD-2008-HD / 50XX | 11,000 | 108 |
| DD-1008-HD / 50XX | 12,000 | 102 |
| DD-2008-HD / 75XX | 16,600 | 106 |

ACME SCREW CYLINDERS

| MODEL NUMBER | DYNAMIC <br> CAPACITY (lbf) | TRAVEL RATE <br> (in/min) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| DD-105-A5 / 02XX | 850 | 69 |
| DD-1020-A5 / 02XX | 900 | 17 |
| DD-506-A3 / 10XX | 1,000 | 108 |
| DD-3024-A4 / 05XX | 1,200 | 18 |
| DD-256-A2 / 15XX | 1,725 | 144 |
| DD-2524-A4 / 05XX | 1,880 | 18 |
| DD-5024-A3 / 07XX | 1,900 | 27 |
| DD-506-A2 / 20XX | 1,900 | 144 |
| DD-10024-A2 / 15XX | 2,000 | 36 |
| DD-1008-A4 / 20XX | 2,000 | 54 |
| DD-1008-A2 / 20XX | 2,000 | 108 |
| DD-306-A4 / 15XX | 2,100 | 72 |
| DD-3012-A4 / 10XX | 2,200 | 36 |
| DD-506-A3 / 20XX | 2,200 | 108 |
| DD-256-A4 / 15XX | 2,280 | 72 |
| DD-2512-A4 / 10XX | 2,500 | 36 |
| DD-20024-A2 / 20XX | 2,500 | 36 |
| DD-506-A3 / 30XX | 2,900 | 108 |
| DD-508-A4 / 20XX | 3,000 | 54 |
| DD-1008-A2 / 30XX | 3,000 | 108 |
| DD-20024-A2 / 30XX | 3,500 | 36 |
| DD-2008-A2 / 75XX | 4,250 | 108 |
| DD-1008-A2 / 50XX | 4,600 | 108 |
| DD-2008-A3 / 75XX |  |  |
|  |  |  |

$X X=$ motor specification, see page 70

## SERIES DD MODEL

Refer to pages 34 to 35 for available models.
SHAFT ORDER CODE
 NOTE: Both Shaft Extensions Must Be Specified.


## NO ACCESSORY

SSE-_ = Standard Shaft Extension, Position 1 or 2
000-_ = Delete Shaft Extension, Position 1 or 2
SPC-_ = Special Modified Shaft Extension, Position 1 or 2

Motor Mounts Without Motor
Position 1 or 2
See page 70 for standard motor mount order codes.
Motor Mounts With Motors
Position 1 or 2
See page $70 \& 72$ for available motors.
Rotary Limit Switch
Position 1 C or E through 8 C or E
See page 74-75 for available rotary limit switches.
NOTE: A Limit Switch must specify a close or extended mount.
Compact Limit Switch
Position 1 through 8
See page 76-77 for available compact limit switches.


Nook/Thomson Electric Cylinders are used extensively in military applications.

## SERIES DD-5



|  | MODEL NUMBER | Dynamic Capacity (lbf) | Screw Rated Life (in. $\times 106$ ) | Max. Motor HP Rating (ref) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Max Rod } \\ \text { Reaction Torque } \\ \text { (in.-lb.) } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ball Screw | DD-55-HL / T03XX | 1,000 | 13.5 | . 33 | 89 |
|  | DD-520-HL / T06XX | 1,000 | 1.69 | . 16 | 89 |
|  | DD-55-HD / T03XX | 1,000 | 2.91 | . 33 | 35 |
|  | DD-520-HD / T06XX | 1,000 | 9.9 | . 16 | 35 |
| Acme Screw | DD-55-A5 / T03XX | 1,000 | - | . 33 | 72 |
|  | DD-55-A8 / T03XX | 1,000 | - | . 33 | 58 |
|  | DD-55-A10 / T03XX | 1,000 | - | . 33 | 53 |
|  | DD-520-A5 / T06XX | 1,000 | - | . 16 | 72 |
|  | DD-520-A8 / T06XX | 1,000 | - | . 16 | 58 |
|  | DD-520-A10 / T06XX | 1,000 | - | . 16 | 53 |

For "XX", see page 70 for motor options. Standard motor referenced is a 1750 rpm AC brakemotor.

## LIFE EXPECTANCY



COLUMN LOAD


24 Optional Threaded Rod End
D $\frac{5}{16}$ - 24 UNF- 2 A


| Basic Weight (lb)* | Basic Length (L1) <br> (in)** | Basic Length (L2) <br> (in)** |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12 | 8.06 | 5.00 |
| 12 | 8.06 | 5.00 |
| 12 | 8.06 | 5.00 |
| 12 | 8.06 | 5.00 |
| 11 | 7.38 | 3.88 |
| 11 | 7.38 | 3.88 |
| 11 | 7.38 | 3.88 |
| 11 | 7.38 | 3.88 |
| 11 | 7.38 | 3.88 |
| 11 | 7.38 | 3.88 |


| NEMA <br> FRAME |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SIZE | $\varnothing E$ | $\varnothing F$ | L3 |
| 42 | 4.63 | 2.69 | 4.48 |
| 48 | 4.63 | 3.12 | 4.48 |

Servo or stepper motors are available.
Custom motor / gearbox adapters are also available.

* Ball Screw Models: Total Weight $=(0.97 \mathrm{lb}) \times$ Travel + Basic Weight
* Acme Screw Models: Total Weight $=(0.98 \mathrm{lb}) \times$ Travel + Basic Weight
** Total Length $=$ Basic length + Travel $\times 1.25$
Base clevis is shown in standard orientation but may be rotated $90^{\circ}$ or per customer specification. May also be ordered with optional flange base.

Motor mount is shown in Position 1 - it may be mounted to either side of the cylinder (see page 68).
WARNING: Units are not to be used as personnel support or movement. Ball Screw Models are self-lowering.

## SERIES DD-10



|  | MODEL |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Travel Rate <br> (in/min) | Dynamic <br> Capacity (lbf) | Screw <br> Rated Life <br> (in $\times 106)$ | Std. Motor <br> HP Rating (ref.) | Std. Brake <br> Torque (ft-lb) |  |
| Ball Screw | DD-105-HL / 05XX | 173 | 750 | 46 | .50 | 3 |
|  | DD-1020-HL / 02XX | 43 | 800 | 39 | .25 | 3 |
|  | DD-105-HD / 05XX | 69 | 1900 | 1.5 | .50 | 3 |
|  | DD-1020-HD / 02XX | 17 | 2000 | 1.3 | .25 | 3 |
| Acme Screw | DD-105-A5 / 05XX | 69 | 850 | - | .50 | 3 |
|  | DD-1020-A5 / 02XX | 17 | 900 | - | .25 | 3 |

For "XX", see page 70 for motor options. Standard motor referenced is a 1750 rpm AC brakemotor.

## LIFE EXPECTANCY



COLUMN LOAD


Threaded Rod End


| Approx Stopping Distance (in) |  | Max Rod Reaction Torque (in lb) | Basic <br> Weight (Ib)* | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Basic } \\ & \text { Length (L1) } \\ & \text { (in)*** } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Basic } \\ & \text { Length (L2) } \\ & \text { (in)*** } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No Load | Full Load |  |  |  |  |
| . 20 | . 38 | 67 | 19 | 10.75 | 6.38 |
| . 80 | . 15 | 71 | 19 | 10.75 | 6.38 |
| . 05 | . 06 | 67 | 19 | 10.75 | 6.38 |
| . 02 | . 02 | 71 | 19 | 10.75 | 6.38 |
| . 08 | - | 79 | 15 | 8.25 | 4.25 |
| . 02 | - | 71 | 15 | 8.25 | 4.25 |


| NEMA |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FRAME $\emptyset E$ $\emptyset F$ L3  <br> SIZE (in) (in) (in) HP <br> $\mathbf{4 2}$ 4.63 2.69 4.48 - <br> $\mathbf{4 8}$ 4.63 3.12 4.48 - <br> $\mathbf{5 6}$ 6.63 3.75 5.71 $1 / 4-1 / 2$ $\mathbf{l}$ |  |  |  |  |

Servo or stepper motors are available. Custom motor / gearbox adapters are also available.

* Ball Screw Models: Total Weight $=(1.10 \mathrm{lb}) \times$ Travel + Basic Weight
* Acme Screw Models: Total Weight $=(1.10 \mathrm{lb}) \times$ Travel + Basic Weight
** Total Length $=$ Basic length + Travel $\times 1.25$
Base clevis is shown in standard orientation but may be rotated $90^{\circ}$ or per customer specification. May also be ordered with optional flange base. Motor is shown in Position 1 - it may be mounted to either side of the cylinder (see page 68).

For motor dimensions, please visit www.nookindustries.com.
WARNING: Units are not to be used as personnel support or movement. Ball Screw Models are self-lowering.

## SERIES DD-25



|  | MODEL <br> NUMBER | Travel Rate <br> (in/min) | Dynamic <br> Capacity (lbf) | Screw <br> Rated Life <br> (in $\times$ 106) | Std. Motor <br> HP Rating (ref.) | Std. Brake <br> Torque (ft-lb) |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ball Screw | DD-256-HL / 10XX | 288 | 900 | 13.5 | 1 | 6 |
|  | DD-256-HL / 20XX | 288 | 1,800 | 1.69 | 2 | 10 |
|  | DD-2512-HL / 10XX | 144 | 1,500 | 2.91 | 1 | 6 |
|  | DD-256-ML / 15XX | 144 | 1,800 | 7 | 1.5 | 6 |
|  | DD-256-ML / 20XX | 144 | 3,600 | .9 | 2 | 10 |
|  | DD-256-HD / 10XX | 72 | 3,600 | .09 | 1 | 6 |
|  | DD-256-HD / 07XX | 72 | 2,000 | 4.1 | .75 | 6 |
|  | DD-2512-HD / 07XX | 36 | 4,450 | .38 | .75 | 6 |
|  | DD-2512-HD / 05XX | 36 | 2,000 | 4.1 | .5 | 3 |
|  | DD-2524-HD / 05XX | 18 | 4,450 | .38 | .5 | 3 |
|  | DD-2524-HD / 03XX | 18 | 1,500 | 9.9 | .33 | 3 |

For "XX", see page 70 for motor options. Standard motor referenced is a 1750 rpm AC brakemotor.

## LIFE EXPECTANCY



COLUMN LOAD



| Approx Stopping Distance <br> (In) |  | Max Rod <br> Reaction <br> Torque (in Ib) | Basic <br> Weight <br> (lb)* | Basic <br> Length (L1) <br> (in)** | Basic <br> Length (L2) <br> (in)** |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| .26 | .44 | 159 | 33 | 12.44 | 7.13 |
| .43 | .74 | 318 | 33 | 12.44 | 7.13 |
| .25 | .35 | 265 | 33 | 12.44 | 7.13 |
| .25 | .43 | 159 | 33 | 12.44 | 7.13 |
| .21 | .42 | 318 | 33 | 12.44 | 7.13 |
| .12 | .21 | 159 | 33 | 12.44 | 7.13 |
| .06 | .09 | 89 | 33 | 12.44 | 7.13 |
| .03 | .04 | 197 | 33 | 12.44 | 7.13 |
| .04 | .06 | 89 | 33 | 12.44 | 7.13 |
| .02 | .03 | 197 | 33 | 12.44 | 7.13 |
| .02 | .02 | 66 | 33 | 12.44 | 7.13 |
| .30 | - | 240 | 30 | 10.38 | 4.75 |
| .15 | - | 239 | 30 | 10.38 | 4.75 |
| .06 | - | 197 | 30 | 10.38 | 4.75 |
| .06 | - | 263 | 30 | 10.38 | 4.75 |
| .02 | - | 197 | 30 | 10.38 | 4.75 |



| NEMA |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FRAME | $\emptyset E$ | $\emptyset F$ | L3 |  |
| SIZE | (in) | (in) | (in) | HP |
| 56C | 6.62 | 3.5 | 6.25 | $1 / 4-2$ |

Servo or stepper motors are available.
Custom motor / gearbox adapters are also available.

* Ball Screw Models: Total Weight $=(1.49 \mathrm{lb}) \times$ Travel + Basic Weight
* Acme Screw Models: Total Weight $=(1.49 \mathrm{lb}) \times$ Travel + Basic Weight
** Total Length $=$ Basic length $+($ Travel $\times 1.25)$

Base clevis is shown in standard orientation but may be rotated $90^{\circ}$ or per customer specification. May also be ordered with optional flange base. Motor is shown in Position 1 - it may be mounted to either side of the cylinder (see page 68).

For motor dimensions, please visit www.nookindustries.com.
WARNING: Units are not to be used as personnel support or movement. Ball Screw Models are self-lowering.

## SERIES DD-30



|  | MODEL <br> NUMBER | Travel Rate (in/min) | Dynamic Capacity (lbf) | Screw Rated Life (in $\times 106$ ) | Std. Motor HP Rating (ref.) | Std. Brake Torque (ft-lb) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ball Screw | DD-306-HD / 15XX | 120 | 3,275 | 1.68 | 1.5 | 6 |
|  | DD-3012-HD / 10XX | 60 | 3,600 | 1.26 | 1.0 | 6 |
|  | DD-3012-HD / 07XX | 60 | 2,500 | 3.78 | . 75 | 6 |
|  | DD-3024-HD / 05XX | 30 | 2,700 | 3.00 | . 5 | 3 |
| Acme Screw | DD-306-A4 / 15XX | 72 | 2,100 | - | 1.5 | 6 |
|  | DD-3012-A4 / 10XX | 36 | 2,200 | - | 1 | 6 |
|  | DD-3024-A4 / 05XX | 18 | 1,200 | - | . 5 | 3 |

For "XX", see page 70 for motor options. Standard motor referenced is a 1750 rpm AC brakemotor.

LIFE EXPECTANCY


COLUMN LOAD



| Approx Stopping Distance (In) |  | Max Rod Reaction Torque (in Ib) | Basic Weight (lb)* | Basic <br> Length (L1) (in)** | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Basic } \\ & \text { Length (L2) } \\ & \text { (in)** } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No Load | Full Load |  |  |  |  |
| . 25 | . 83 | 239 | 38 | 12.44 | 7.31 |
| . 10 | . 16 | 263 | 38 | 12.44 | 7.31 |
| . 05 | . 07 | 183 | 38 | 12.44 | 7.31 |
| . 03 | . 05 | 197 | 38 | 12.44 | 7.31 |
| . 15 | - | 240 | 33 | 10.50 | 5.13 |
| . 06 | - | 263 | 33 | 10.50 | 5.13 |
| . 02 | - | 140 | 33 | 10.50 | 5.13 |


| NEMA |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FRAME | $\varnothing E$ | $\varnothing F$ | $L 3$ |  |
| SIZE | (in) | (in) | (in) | $H P$ |
| 56C | 6.62 | 3.50 | 6.25 | $1 / 4-2$ |

Servo or stepper motors are available.
Custom motor / gearbox adapters are also available.

* Ball Screw Models: Total Weight $=(1.91 \mathrm{lb}) \times$ Travel + Basic Weight
* Acme Screw Models: Total Weight $=(1.95 \mathrm{lb}) \times$ Travel + Basic Weight
** Total Length $=$ Basic length $+($ Travel $\times 1.25)$

Base clevis is shown in standard orientation but may be rotated $90^{\circ}$ or per customer specification. May also be ordered with optional flange base. Motor is shown in Position 1 - it may be mounted to either side of the cylinder (see page 68).

For motor dimensions, please visit www.nookindustries.com.

WARNING: Units are not to be used as personnel support or movement. Ball Screw Models are self-lowering.

## SERIES DD-50



|  | MODEL <br> NUMBER | Travel Rate <br> (in/min) | Dynamic <br> Capacity (lbf) | Screw <br> Rated Life <br> (in $\times$ 106) | Std. Motor <br> HP Rating (ref.) | Std. Brake <br> Torque (ft-lb) |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ball Screw | DD-506-SL / 20XX | 539 | 950 | 110 | 2 | 10 |
|  | DD-506-HL / 20XX | 288 | 2,000 | 73 | 2 | 10 |
|  | DD-506-HL / 30XX | 288 | 2,500 | 21 | 3 | 15 |
|  | DD-506-HD / 20XX | 136 | 3,500 | 18 | 2 | 10 |
|  | DD-506-HD / 30XX | 136 | 5,750 | 5.4 | 3 | 15 |
|  | Acme Screw | DD-506-A2 / 20XX | 144 | 1,900 | - | 0 |
|  | DD-5024-HD / 07XX | 34 | 3,000 | 2 | 6 |  |
|  | DD-506-A3 / 10XX | 108 | 1,000 | - | 1 | 10 |
|  | DD-506-A3 / 20XX | 108 | 2,200 | - | 2 | 6 |
|  | DD-506-A3 / 30XX | 108 | 2,900 | - | 3 | 10 |

For "XX", see page 70 for motor options. Standard motor referenced is a 1750 rpm AC brakemotor.


＊Ball Screw Models：Total Weight $=(2.28$ Lb）$\times$ Travel + Basic Weight
＊Acme Screw Models：Total Weight $=(2.28 \mathrm{lb}) \times$ Travel + Basic Weight
＊＊Total Length $=$ Basic length $+($ Travel $\times 1.25)$

Base clevis is shown in standard orientation but may be rotated $90^{\circ}$ or per customer specification．May also be ordered with optional flange base．Motor is shown in Position 1 －it may be mounted to either side of the cylinder（see page 68），

For motor dimensions，please visit www．nookindustries．com．
WARNING：Units are not to be used as personnel support or movement．Ball Screw Models are self－lowering．

## SERIES DD-100



|  | MODEL NUMBER | Travel Rate (in/min) | Dynamic Capacity (lbf) | Screw Rated Life (in $\times 106$ ) | Std. Motor HP Rating (ref.) | Std. Brake Torque (ft-lb) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ball Screw | DD-1008-SL / 20XX | 404 | 1,150 | 240 | 2 | 10 |
|  | DD-1008-HL / 20XX | 216 | 2,175 | 42 | 2 | 10 |
|  | DD-1008-HL / 50XX | 216 | 5,400 | 2.7 | 5 | 15 |
|  | DD-1008-HD / 20XX | 102 | 4,600 | 10.4 | 2 | 10 |
|  | DD-1008-HD / 30XX | 102 | 7,500 | 2.4 | 3 | 15 |
|  | DD-1008-HD / 50XX | 102 | 12,000 | . 59 | 5 | 15 |
|  | DD-10024-HL / 15XX | 72 | 2,700 | 22 | 1.5 | 6 |
|  | DD-10024-HD / 15XX | 34 | 7,150 | 2.8 | 1.5 | 6 |
| Acme Screw | DD-1008-A2 / 20XX | 108 | 2,000 | - | 2 | 10 |
|  | DD-1008-A2 / 30XX | 108 | 3,000 | - | 3 | 15 |
|  | DD-1008-A2 / 50XX | 108 | 4,500 | - | 5 | 15 |
|  | DD-1008-A4 / 20XX | 54 | 2,000 | - | 2 | 10 |
|  | DD-10024-A2 / 15XX | 36 | 2,000 | - | 1.5 | 6 |

For "XX", see page 70 for motor options. Standard motor referenced is a 1750 rpm AC brakemotor.

## LIFE EXPECTANCY



COLUMN LOAD



| Approx Stopping Distance <br> (In) | Max Rod <br> Reaction <br> Norque (in Ib) | Basic <br> Weight <br> (lb)* | Basic <br> Length (L1) <br> (in)** | Basic <br> Length (L2) <br> (in)** |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Full Load | 385 | 80 | 15.25 | 8.88 |
| .6 | .9 | 385 | 80 | 15.25 | 8.88 |
| .3 | .5 | 956 | 80 | 15.25 | 8.88 |
| .7 | 1.3 | 385 | 80 | 15.25 | 8.88 |
| .2 | .2 | 628 | 80 | 15.25 | 8.88 |
| .3 | .4 | 1005 | 80 | 15.25 | 8.88 |
| .3 | .7 | 478 | 80 | 15.25 | 8.88 |
| .15 | .16 | 598 | 80 | 15.25 | 8.88 |
| .07 | .09 | - | 398 | 77 | 12.88 |
| .6 | - | 597 | 77 | 12.88 | 6.50 |
| .3 | - | 896 | 77 | 12.88 | 6.50 |
| .7 | - | 362 | 77 | 12.88 | 6.50 |
| .2 | - | 398 | 77 | 12.88 | 6.50 |
| .3 | - |  |  |  |  |



| NEMA |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FRAME | øE | øF | L3 |  |
| SIZE | (in) | (in) | (in) | HP |
| 56C | 6.75 | 4.38 | 8.25 | 1-2 |
| 184TC | 9.25 | 4.38 | 9.00 | 3-5 |

Servo or stepper motors are available.
Custom motor / gearbox adapters are also available.

* Ball Screw Models: Total Weight $=(2.28 \mathrm{lb}) \times$ Travel + Basic Weight
* Acme Screw Models: Total Weight $=(2.68 \mathrm{lb}) \times$ Travel + Basic Weight
** Total Length $=$ Basic length $+(T \times 1.25)$
Base clevis is shown in standard orientation but may be rotated $90^{\circ}$ or per customer specification. May also be ordered with optional flange base. Motor is shown in Position 1 - it may be mounted to either side of the cylinder (see page 68).

For motor dimensions, please visit www.nookindustries.com.

WARNING: Units are not to be used as personnel support or movement. Ball Screw Models are self-lowering.

## SERIES DD-2OO



|  | MODEL NUMBER | Travel Rate (in/min) | Dynamic Capacity (lbf) | Screw Rated Life (in $\times 106$ ) | Std. Motor HP Rating (ref.) | Std. Brake Torque (ft-lb) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ball Screw | DD-2008-HL / 75XX | 216 | 8,000 | 36 | 7.5 | 25 |
|  | DD-2008-HD / 75XX | 108 | 16,600 | 2.1 | 7.5 | 25 |
|  | DD-2008-HD / 50XX | 108 | 11,000 | 7.3 | 5 | 15 |
|  | DD-20024-HL / 20XX | 72 | 4,000 | 292 | 2 | 10 |
|  | DD-20024-HD / 20XX | 36 | 7,000 | 28 | 2 | 10 |
|  | DD-20024-HD / 30XX | 36 | 10,000 | 9.7 | 3 | 15 |
| Acme Screw | DD-2008-A2 / 70XX | 108 | 4,250 | - | 7.5 | 15 |
|  | DD-2008-A3 / 70XX | 72 | 4,620 | - | 7.5 | 15 |
|  | DD-20024-A2 / 20XX | 36 | 2,500 | - | 2 | 10 |
|  | DD-20024-A2 / 30XX | 36 | 3,500 | - | 3 | 15 |

For "XX", see page 70 for motor options. Standard motor referenced is a 1750 rpm AC brakemotor.

## LIFE EXPECTANCY



COLUMN LOAD



Servo or stepper motors are available.
Custom motor / gearbox adapters are also available.

* Ball Screw Models: Total Weight $=(3.36 \mathrm{lb}) \times$ Travel + Basic Weight
* Acme Screw Models: Total Weight $=(3.65 \mathrm{lb}) \times$ Travel + Basic Weight
** Total Length $=$ Basic length + Travel $\times 1.25$
Base clevis is shown in standard orientation but may be rotated $90^{\circ}$ or per customer specification. May also be ordered with optional flange base. Motor is shown in Position 1 - it may be mounted to either side of the cylinder (see page 68).
For motor dimensions, please visit www.nookindustries.com.
WARNING: Units are not to be used as personnel support or movement. Ball Screw Models are self-lowering.


## (I) NOOK ITHOMSON

## RAD ELECTRIC CYLINDERS

RAD Electric Cylinders incorporate the same benefits as DD Electric Cylinders, including the rugged design and capacities from 3,500 Ibs. to 40,000 lbs. RAD Electric Cylinders include a second reduction giving a reduced input torque and lower travel rate. RAD Electric Cylinders also feature ground and hard chrome plated actuator tubes. The exterior surfaces feature industrial enamel paint. Epoxy paint is available on request.

These cylinders may be used individually or in multiple arrangements with DD Electric Cylinders. Each Electric Cylinder is built to specification. For outdoor application of RAD Electric Cylinders, contact Nook/Thomson Engineering for recommended alterations.


[^3]

## RAD DESIGN DATA

BALL SCREW MODELS

|  | MODEL NUMBER | PRIMARY GEAR RATIO | SECONDARY GEAR RATIO | SCREW <br> SIZE | TURNS OF WORM PER INCH OFTRAVEL | TORQUETO RAISE 1 LB (IN-LB)* | MAX <br> LOAD <br> (LB) | MAX <br> INPUT <br> (HP)** |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25 SERIES | RAD - 2566 - HL | 6:1 | 6:1 | 1000-1000 SRT RA | 36 | 0.0102 | 5,000 | 1 |
|  | RAD - 2562 - HL | 6:1 | 12:1 | 1000-1000 SRT RA | 72 | 0.0037 | 5,000 | 1 |
|  | RAD - 2566 - ML | 6:1 | 6:1 | 1000-0500 SRT RA | 72 | 0.0057 | 5,000 | . 5 |
|  | RAD - 2566 - HD | 6:1 | 6:1 | 1000-0250 SRT RA | 144 | 0.0026 | 5,000 | . 5 |
|  | RAD - 2562 - HD | 6:1 | 12:1 | 1000-0250 SRT RA | 288 | 0.0015 | 5,000 | 33 |
|  | RAD - 2522 - HD | 12:1 | 12:1 | 1000-0250 SRT RA | 576 | 0.0009 | 5,000 | . 33 |
|  | RAD - 2546 - HD | 24:1 | 6:1 | 1000-0250 SRT RA | 576 | 0.0010 | 5,000 | . 33 |
| 30 SERIES | RAD - 3066 - HD | 6:1 | 6:1 | 1171-0413 SRT RA | 87.18 | 0.0041 | 6,000 | . 5 |
|  | RAD - 3062 - HD | 6:1 | 12:1 | 1171-0413 SRT RA | 174.36 | 0.0026 | 6,000 | 33 |
|  | RAD - 3022 - HD | 12:1 | 12:1 | 1171-0413 SRT RA | 348.2 | 0.0026 | 6,000 | 25 |
|  | RAD - 3046 - HD | 24:1 | 6:1 | 1171-0413 SRT RA | 348.96 | 0.0018 | 6,000 | 25 |
| 50 SERIES | RAD - 5066 - HL | 6:1 | 6:1 | 1500-1000 SRT RA | 36 | 0.0098 | 10,000 | 1 |
|  | RAD - 5046 - HL | 24:1 | 6:1 | 1500-1000 SRT RA | 144 | 0.0039 | 10,000 | 1 |
|  | RAD - 5066 - HD | 6:1 | 6:1 | 1500-0473 SRT RA | 76 | 0.0046 | 10,000 | 1 |
|  | RAD - 5062 - HD | 6:1 | 12:1 | 1500-0473 SRT RA | 152 | 0.0028 | 10,000 | 1 |
|  | RAD - 5046 - HD | 24:1 | 6:1 | 1500-0473 SRT RA | 304 | 0.0019 | 10,000 | 1 |
| 100 SERIES | RAD - 10086 - HL | 8:1 | 6:1 | 1500-1000 SRT RA | 48 | 0.0081 | 20,000 | 1 |
|  | RAD - 10046-HL | 24:1 | 6:1 | 1500-1000 SRT RA | 144 | 0.0041 | 20,000 | 1 |
|  | RAD - 10086-HD | 8:1 | 6:1 | 1500-0473 SRT RA | 101.28 | 0.0038 | 20,000 | 1 |
|  | RAD - 10082 - HD | 8:1 | 12:1 | 1500-0473 SRT RA | 202.58 | 0.0023 | 20,000 | 1 |
|  | RAD - 10046-HD | 24:1 | 6:1 | 1500-0473 SRT RA | 303.96 | 0.0020 | 20,000 | 1 |
| 200 SERIES | RAD - 20088 - HL | 8:1 | 8:1 | 2250-1000 SRT RA | 64 | 0.0062 | 40,000 | 5 |
|  | RAD - 20048 - HL | 24:1 | 8:1 | 2250-1000 SRT RA | 192 | 0.0031 | 40,000 | 3 |
|  | RAD - 20088 - HD | 8:1 | 8:1 | 2250-0500 SRT RA | 128 | 0.0031 | 40,000 | 3 |
|  | RAD - 20048 - HD | 24:1 | 8:1 | 2250-0500 SRT RA | 384 | 0.0016 | 40,000 | 2 |

[^4]
## RAD DESIGN DATA

## ACME SCREW MODELS

|  | MODEL NUMBER | PRIMARY GEAR RATIO | SECONDARY GEAR RATIO | SCREW SIZE | TURNS OF WORM PER INCH OF TRAVEL | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TORQUETO } \\ & \text { RAISE } 1 \text { LB } \\ & \text { (IN-LB)* } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { MAX } \\ & \text { LOAD } \\ & \text { (LB) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | MAX INPUT (HP)** |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25 SERIES | RAD - 2566 - A4 | 6:1 | 6:1 | 1"-4 RA | 144 | 0.0064 | 5,000 | 1 |
|  | RAD - 2562 - A4 | 6:1 | 12:1 | 1 "-4 RA | 288 | 0.0039 | 5,000 | . 75 |
|  | RAD - 2522 - A4 | 12:1 | 12:1 | 1 "-4 RA | 576 | 0.0023 | 5,000 | . 5 |
|  | RAD - 2546 - A4 | 24:1 | 6:1 | 1 "-4 RA | 576 | 0.0027 | 5,000 | . 33 |
| 30 SERIES | RAD - 3066 - A4 | 6:1 | 6:1 | $11 / 4$ "-4 RA | 144 | 0.0071 | 6,000 | 1 |
|  | RAD - 3062 - A4 | 6:1 | 12:1 | $11 / 4 "-4 \mathrm{RA}$ | 288 | 0.0043 | 6,000 | . 75 |
|  | RAD - 3022 - A 4 | 12:1 | 12:1 | $11 / 4 "-4$ RA | 576 | 0.0025 | 6,000 | . 5 |
|  | RAD - 3046 - 44 | 24:1 | 6:1 | $11 / 4$ "-4 RA | 576 | 0.0030 | 6,000 | . 5 |
| 50 SERIES | RAD - 5066 - A3 | 6:1 | 6:1 | $11 / 2^{\prime \prime}-2 / 3$ RA | 96 | 0.0096 | 10,000 | 1 |
|  | RAD - 5062 - A3 | 6:1 | 12:1 | $11 / 2^{\prime \prime}-2 / 3$ RA | 192 | 0.0058 | 10,000 | 1 |
|  | RAD - 5046-A3 | 24:1 | 6:1 | 111/2"-2/3RA | 384 | 0.0037 | 10,000 | 1 |
| 100 SERIES | RAD - 10086-A2 | 8:1 | 6:1 | 2"-2 RA | 96 | 0.0096 | 20,000 | 1 |
|  | RAD - 10082 - A2 | 12:1 | 12:1 | 2"-2 RA | 192 | 0.0058 | 20,000 | 1 |
|  | RAD - 10046 - A2 | 24:1 | 6:1 | 2"-2 RA | 288 | 0.0049 | 20,000 | 1 |
| 200 SERIES | RAD - 20088 - A2 | 8:1 | 8:1 | 21/2"-2 RA | 128 | 0.0086 | 40,000 | 7.5 |
|  | RAD - 20048 - A2 | 24:1 | 8:1 | 2½"-2 RA | 384 | 0.0043 | 40,000 | 3 |
|  | RAD - 20088 - A3 | 8:1 | 8:1 | 2½"-3 RA | 192 | 0.0078 | 40,000 | 7.5 |
|  | RAD-20048-A3 | 24:1 | 8:1 | $21 / 2^{\prime \prime}-3 \mathrm{RA}$ | 576 | 0.0039 | 40,000 | 3 |

* At motor input
** Based on 35\% Duty Cycle. Refer to page 10 for horsepower rating definitions.

QUICK REFERENCE
RAD MODEL STANDARD WITH MOTORS

BALL SCREW CYLINDERS

| MODEL NUMBER | DYNAMIC CAPACITY (LBF.) | TRAVEL RATE (IN./MIN) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RAD-2566-HL / 10XX | 3,550 | 48 |
| RAD-5066-HL / 10XX | 4,000 | 48 |
| RAD-10086-HL / 10XX | 4,275 | 36 |
| RAD-3066-HD / 05XX | 4,775 | 20 |
| RAD-2546-HD / 02XX | 5,000 | 3 |
| RAD-2562-HD / 03XX | 5,000 | 6 |
| RAD-5066-HD / 10XX | 5,000 | 23 |
| RAD-2566-ML / 05XX | 5,000 | 24 |
| RAD-2562-HL / 10XX | 5,000 | 24 |
| RAD-3062-HD / 03XX | 5,250 | 10 |
| RAD-3022-HD / 02XX | 6,000 | 5 |
| RAD-5046-HL / 10XX | 8,000 | 12 |
| RAD-5046-HD / 10XX | 9,000 | 6 |
| RAD-5062-HD / 10XX | 9,000 | 11 |
| RAD-10046-HL / 10XX | 9,750 | 12 |
| RAD-10086-HD / 10XX | 10,000 | 17 |
| RAD-10082-HD / 10XX | 15,000 | 9 |
| RAD-10046-HD / 10XX | 18,750 | 6 |
| RAD-20088-HL / 50XX | 30,000 | 27 |
| RAD-20048-HL / 30XX | 35,000 | 9 |
| RAD-20088-HD / 30XX | 35,000 | 13.5 |
| RAD-20048-HD / 20XX | 40,000 | 4.5 |

$X X=$ motor specification, see page 70

ACME SCREW CYLINDERS

| MODEL NUMBER | DYNAMIC <br> CAPACITY (LBF.) | TRAVEL RATE <br> (IN./MIN) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| RAD-5066-A3 / 10XX | 2,700 | 18 |
| RAD-10086-A2 / 10XX | 3,800 | 18 |
| RAD-5062-A3 / 10XX | 4,500 | 9 |
| RAD-3062-A4 / 07XX | 4,925 | 6 |
| RAD-2546-A4 / 05XX | 5,000 | 3 |
| RAD-2562-A4 / 05XX | 5,000 | 6 |
| RAD-2566-A4 / 07XX | 5,000 | 12 |
| RAD-3022-A4 / 05XX | 6,000 | 3 |
| RAD-3066-A4 / 10XX | 6,000 | 12 |
| RAD-10082-A2 / 10XX | 6,275 | 9 |
| RAD-5046-A3 / 10XX | 7,200 | 4.5 |
| RAD-10046-A2 / 10XX | 7,800 | 6 |
| RAD-20048-A2 / 30XX | 12,500 | 4.5 |
| RAD-20088-A3 / 50XX | 22,250 | 9 |
| RAD-20088-A2 / 75XX | 31,000 | 13.5 |

## REFERENCE NUMBER SYSTEM

## RAD-2512-HL / 10RT-1 / 2CA-4C / CC / 24.5 / ERS

SERIES RAD MODEL
Refer to pages 54 to 55 for available models.

## SHAFT ORDER CODE

10RT - 1
CCW Position 1, 3, 5, 7
CW Position 2, 4, 6, 8
ORDER CODES (Must Include a Position) NOTE:Both Shaft Extensions Must Be Specified.


## NO ACCESSORY

SSE-_ = Standard Shaft Extension, Position 1 or 2
000-_ = Delete Shaft Extension, Position 1 or 2
SPC-_ = Special Modified Shaft Extension, Position 1 or 2

Motor Mounts Without Motor
Position 1 through 8
See page 71 for standard motor mount order codes.
Motor Mounts With Motors
Position 1 through 8
See page 71-72 for available motors.
Rotary Limit Switch
Position 1 C or E through 8 C or E
See page 74-75 for available rotary limit switches.
NOTE: A Limit Switch must specify a close or extended mounting.

## Compact Limit Switch

Position 1 through 8
See page 76-77 for available compact limit switches.

HOUSING CONFIGURATION-
F = Standard Flange Base
C = Clevis Base

## SCREW CONFIGURATION

T = Threaded End
C = Clevis End
$\mathrm{D}=$ Threaded rod end with female clevis installed
P = Top Plate

## TRAVEL

Travel in inches.
MODIFIER LIST
E, B, and/or R
E = In-Line Encoder (See p. 73)
$B=$ Bellows Boots (See p. 85)
R = Rod Type Limit Switch (See p. 78)
Optional S or M Required
S = Standard, no additional description required
$\mathrm{M}=$ Modified, additional description required

NOTE: NOT ALL OPTIONS AVAILABLE FOR ALL SIZES

## SERIES RAD-25

|  | MODEL <br> NUMBER | Travel Rate <br> (in/min) | Dynamic <br> Capacity (lbf) | Screw <br> Rated Life <br> (in $\times$ 106) | Std. Motor <br> HP Rating (ref.) | Std. Brake <br> Torque (ft-lb) |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ball Screw | RAD-2566-HL / 10XX | 48 | 3,550 | .22 | 1 | 6 |
|  | RAD-2562-HL / 10XX | 24 | 5,000 | .08 | 1 | 6 |
|  | RAD-2566-ML / 05XX | 24 | 3,400 | .33 | .5 | 3 |
|  | RAD-2562-HD / 03XX | 6 | 5,000 | .27 | .33 | 3 |
|  | RAD-2546-HD / 03XX | 3 | 5,000 | .27 | .25 | 3 |
| Acme Screw | RAD-2566-A4 / 07XX | 12 | 5,000 | - | .75 | 6 |
|  | RAD-2562-A4 / 05XX | 6 | 5,000 | - | .5 | 3 |

For "XX", see page 70 for motor options. Standard motor referenced is a 1750 rpm AC brakemotor.

## LIFE EXPECTANCY



COLUMN LOAD


＊Ball Screw Models：Total Weight $=(1.49 \mathrm{lb}) \times$ Travel + Basic Weight
＊Acme Screw Models：Total Weight $=(1.49 \mathrm{lb}) \times$ Travel + Basic Weight，
＊＊Total Length $=$ Basic length $+($ Travel $\times 1.25)$
Base clevis is shown in standard orientation but may be rotated $90^{\circ}$ or per customer specification．May also be ordered with optional flange base．Motor is shown in Position 1；eight different positions are available（see page 69）．

For motor dimensions，please visit www．nookindustries．com．
WARNING：Units are not to be used as personnel support or movement．Ball Screw Models are self－lowering．

## SERIES RAD-30



|  | MODEL <br> NUMBER | Travel Rate <br> (in/min) | Dynamic <br> Capacity (lbf) | Screw <br> Rated Life <br> (in × 106) | Std. Motor <br> HP Rating (ref.) | Std. Brake <br> Torque (ft-lb) |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ball Screw | RAD-3066-HD / 05XX | 20 | 4,775 | .54 | .5 | 3 |
|  | RAD-3062-HD / 03XX | 10 | 5,250 | .40 | .33 | 3 |
|  | RAD-3022-HD / 03XX | 5 | 6,000 | .27 | .33 | 3 |
| Acme Screw | RAD-3066-A4 / 10XX | 12 | 6,000 | - | 1 | 6 |
|  | RAD-3062-A4 / 07XX | 6 | 4,925 | - | .75 | 3 |
|  | RAD-3022-A4 / 05XX | 3 | 6,000 | - | .5 | 3 |

For "XX", see page 70 for motor options. Standard motor referenced is a 1750 rpm AC brakemotor.

## LIFE EXPECTANCY



COLUMN LOAD



* Ball Screw Models: Total Weight $=(1.91 \mathrm{lb}) \times$ Travel + Basic Weight
* Acme Screw Models: Total Weight $=(1.95 \mathrm{lb}) \times$ Travel + Basic Weight
** Total Length $=$ Basic length $+($ Travel $\times 1.25)$
Base clevis is shown in standard orientation but may be rotated $90^{\circ}$ or per customer specification. May also be ordered with optional flange base. Motor is shown in Position 1; eight different positions are available (see page 69).

For motor dimensions, please visit www.nookindustries.com.
WARNING: Units are not to be used as personnel support or movement. Ball Screw Models are self-lowering.

## SERIES RAD-50



|  | MODEL NUMBER | Travel Rate (in/min) | Dynamic Capacity (lbf) | Screw Rated Life (in $\times 106$ ) | Std. Motor HP Rating (ref.) | Std. Brake Torque (ft-lb) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ball Screw | RAD-5066-HL / 10XX | 48 | 3,500 | 22 | 1 | 6 |
|  | RAD-5066-HD / 10XX | 23 | 7,500 | 5.6 | 1 | 6 |
|  | RAD-5046-HL / 10XX | 12 | 8,000 | 1.5 | 1 | 6 |
|  | RAD-5062-HD / 10XX | 11 | 10,000 | 1.4 | 1 | 6 |
|  | RAD-5046-HD / 10XX | 6 | 10,000 | 1.4 | 1 | 6 |
| Acme Screw | RAD-5066-A3 / 10XX | 18 | 4,500 | - | 1 | 6 |
|  | RAD-5062-A3 / 10XX | 9 | 5,000 | - | 1 | 6 |
|  | RAD-5046-A3 / 10XX | 4.5 | 10,000 | - | 1 | 6 |

For "XX", see page 70 for motor options. Standard motor referenced is a 1750 rpm AC brakemotor.

## LIFE EXPECTANCY



COLUMN LOAD



| Approx Stopping Distance (in) |  | Max Rod Reaction Torque (in lb) | Basic Weight (lb)* | Basic Length (L1) (in)** | $\begin{gathered} \text { Basic } \\ \text { Length (L2) } \\ \text { (in)** } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No Load | Full Load |  |  |  |  |
| . 08 | . 08 | 478 | 77 | 15.13 | 8.88 |
| . 04 | . 04 | 475 | 77 | 15.13 | 8.88 |
| . 02 | . 02 | 1,179 | 77 | 15.13 | 8.88 |
| . 02 | . 02 | 754 | 77 | 15.13 | 8.88 |
| . 02 | . 01 | 754 | 77 | 15.13 | 8.88 |
| . 03 | - | 402 | 66 | 12.98 | 6.06 |
| . 02 | - | 670 | 66 | 12.98 | 6.06 |
| . 01 | - | 1,073 | 66 | 12.98 | 6.06 |


| NEMA |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FRAME | $L 3$ | $L 4$ | ØE |
| SIZE | (in) | (in) | (in) |
| 56C | 3.69 | 6.50 | 6.69 |

* Ball Screw Models: Total Weight $=(2.28 \mathrm{lb}) \times$ Travel + Basic Weight
* Acme Screw Models: Total Weight $=(2.28 \mathrm{lb}) \times$ Travel + Basic Weight
** Total Length $=$ Basic length $+($ Travel $\times 1.25)$
Base clevis is shown in standard orientation but may be rotated $90^{\circ}$ or per customer specification. May also be ordered with optional flange base. Motor is shown in Position 1; eight different positions are available (see page 69).

For motor dimensions, please visit www.nookindustries.com.
WARNING: Units are not to be used as personnel support or movement. Ball Screw Models are self-lowering.

## SERIES RAD-100



|  | MODEL NUMBER | Travel Rate (in/min) | Dynamic Capacity (lbf) | Screw Rated Life (in $\times 106$ ) | Std. Motor HP Rating (ref.) | Std. Brake Torque (ft-lb) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ball Screw | RAD-10086-HL / 10XX | 36 | 4,275 | 5.5 | 1 | 6 |
|  | RAD-10086-HD / 10XX | 17 | 9,000 | 1.0 | 1 | 6 |
|  | RAD-10046-HL / 10XX | 12 | 9,750 | . 47 | 1 | 6 |
|  | RAD-10082-HD / 10XX | 9 | 15,000 | . 3 | 1 | 6 |
|  | RAD-10046-HD / 10XX | 6 | 17,000 | . 15 | 1 | 6 |
| Acme Screw | RAD-10086-A2 / 10XX | 18 | 3,800 | - | 1 | 6 |
|  | RAD-10082-A2 / 10XX | 9 | 6,275 | - | 1 | 6 |
|  | RAD-10046-A2 / 10XX | 6 | 7,000 | - | 1 | 6 |

For "XX", see page 70 for motor options. Standard motor referenced is a 1750 rpm AC brakemotor.

## LIFE EXPECTANCY



COLUMN LOAD



| Approx Stopping <br> Distance（in） |  | Max Rod <br> Reaction <br> Torque（in Ib） | Basic <br> Weight <br> （lb）＊ | Basic Length <br> （L1） <br> （in）＊＊ | Basic Length <br> （L2） <br> （in）＊＊ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No Load | Full Load |  |  |  |

＊Ball Screw Models：Total Weight $=(2.28 \mathrm{lb}) \times$ Travel + Basic Weight
＊Acme Screw Models：Total Weight $=(2.68 \mathrm{lb}) \times$ Travel + Basic Weight
＊＊Total Length $=$ Basic length $+($ Travel $\times 1.25)$
Base clevis is shown in standard orientation but may be rotated $90^{\circ}$ or per customer specification．May also be ordered with optional flange base．Motor is shown in Position 1；eight different positions are available（see page 69）．

For motor dimensions，please visit www．nookindustries．com．
WARNING：Units are not to be used as personnel support or movement．Ball Screw Models are self－lowering．

## SERIES RAD-200



|  | MODEL NUMBER | Travel Rate (in/min) | Dynamic Capacity (lbf) | Screw Rated Life (in $\times 106$ ) | Std. Motor HP Rating (ref.) | Std. Brake Torque (ft-lb) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ball Screw | RAD-20088-HL / 50XX | 27 | 30,000 | . 69 | 5 | 15 |
|  | RAD-20088-HD / 30XX | 13.5 | 35,000 | . 23 | 3 | 15 |
|  | RAD-20048-HL / 30XX | 9 | 35,000 | . 44 | 3 | 15 |
|  | RAD-20048-HD / 20XX | 4.5 | 40,000 | . 15 | 2 | 10 |
| Acme Screw | RAD-20088-A2 / 75XX | 13.5 | 31,000 | - | 7.5 | 25 |
|  | RAD-20088-A3 / 50XX | 9 | 22,500 | - | 5 | 15 |
|  | RAD-20048-A2 / 30XX | 4.5 | 12,500 | - | 3 | 15 |

For " XX ", see page 70 for motor options. Standard motor referenced is a $1750 \mathrm{rpm} A C$ brakemotor.

## LIFE EXPECTANCY



COLUMN LOAD


＊Ball Screw Models：Total Weight $=(3.36 \mathrm{lb}) \times$ Travel + Basic Weight
＊Acme Screw Models：Total Weight $=(3.65 \mathrm{lb}) \times$ Travel + Basic Weight
＊＊Total Length $=$ Basic length $+($ Travel $\times 1.25)$
Base clevis is shown in standard orientation but may be rotated $90^{\circ}$ or per customer specification．May also be ordered with optional flange base．Motor is shown in Position 1；eight different positions are available（see page 69）．

For motor dimensions，please visit www．nookindustries．com．
WARNING：Units are not to be used as personnel support or movement．Ball Screw Models are self－lowering．

## ACCESSORIES

Nook/Thomson offers many accessories to accommodate specific applications. From motor mounts to limit switches to lubricant, Nook has the electric cylinder accessories to realize the linear motion needs of any application.


DD MOTOR MOUNTS
page 68


RAD MOTOR MOUNTS
page 69


MOTORS
page 70



LINKJAC ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ SHAFTING page 78-79


FLEXIBLE COUPLINGS page 80-81


## DD MOTORS AND MOTOR MOUNTS

Nook/Thomson DD motor mount assemblies are designed for standard motors and include jaw type couplings.

These assemblies are stocked for DD-25, DD-50, DD-100 and DD200 and are available for the cylinder sizes listed in the table. Nonstandard motor mounts can be designed for special requirements including, special couplings, small NEMA frame motors, DIN standard motors, stepper motor and servomotor designs. Contact Nook/Thomson for additional information.

DD Series electric cylinders can be ordered with industrial quality induction motors. Motors with internally and externally wired brake motors are available. Brake motors utilize an integral, spring actuated brake. Standard motors are 3-phase, 230-460 VAC, 60hz, 1,725 rpm. Single-phase motors are $115-130$ VAC, $60 \mathrm{hz}, 1,725 \mathrm{rpm}$. All motors are rated for continuous duty. Specific duty motors such as wash down or explosion-proof can be supplied upon request. See charts on page 70 for order codes.

CAUTION: Ball screw cylinders are self-lowering. A brake of sufficient torque is required to hold the load with a ball screw cylinder. Be sure to verify that the brakemotor selected has sufficient brake torque for your application.


## DD MOTOR MOUNT POSITIONS

(1)

(2)


## RAD MOTOR MOUNTS

The RAD Motor Mount is a compact, high quality worm gear reducer enclosed in a ductile iron housing. It mounts directly to the input side of the electric cylinder. Motors mount quill-style to a standard NEMA C-face. These assemblies are stocked for RAD-25, RAD-50, RAD-100 and RAD-200. Non-standard motor mounts can be designed for special requirements including, special couplings, small NEMA frame motors, DIN standard motors, stepper motor and servomotor designs. Contact Nook Industries for additional information.

The RAD Motor Mount is a secondary worm gear reducer that reduces speed and increases torque to the input of the electric cylinder. If motor clearance is an issue, an RAD cylinder may be selected to optimize motor orientation.

RAD Series Electric Cylinders can be ordered with industrial quality induction motors. Motors with internally and externally wired brake motors are available. Brake motors utilize an integral, spring actuated brake. Standard motors are 3 -phase, 230-460 VAC, 60hz, 1,725 rpm. Single-phase motors are $115-130$ VAC, $60 \mathrm{hz}, 1,725 \mathrm{rpm}$. All motors are rated for continuous duty.

CAUTION: Ball screw cylinders are self-lowering. A brake of sufficient torque is required to hold the load with a ball screw cylinder. Be sure to verify that the brakemotor selected has sufficient brake torque for your application.


## RAD MOTOR MOUNT POSITIONS



## BRAKEMOTOR REFERENCE

Nook/Thomson Electric Cylinders can be supplied with industrial quality motors. Brake motors include a spring actuated, electrically released braking mechanism which will hold a load when the power is off. In normal operation, power is applied and removed to the motor windings and brake release simultaneously.

If it is desired to operate the brake separately, as when used with a speed control, the brake needs to be wired externally. Motors provided by Nook Industries can either be supplied with the brake wired externally to accommodate speed controllers, or internally for simplicity of use.

Standard motors are: 3 phase 208-230 / 460 VAC, $60 \mathrm{~Hz} .1,725 \mathrm{rpm}$. Also available are single phase motors at: 115 / 230 VAC, 60 Hz . $1,725 \mathrm{rpm}$. All motors are rated for continuous duty.

NOTE: For inverter duty motors or additional options, contact Nook Industries.

EXTERNALLY WIRED BRAKE MOTOR PRODUCT CODE
INTERNALLY WIRED
BRAKE MOTOR

| Motor HP | STD Motor 208-230/460 3PH [Brake ft-lbs.] | Wash Down <br> MOTOR IP55 • 208-230/460 3PH [Brake ft-lbs.] | Explosion Proof $\begin{gathered} \text { DIVISION } 1 \bullet \text { CLASS } 1,2 \bullet \text { GROUP F \& G } \bullet \\ 208 / 230 / 460 \bullet 3 \text { PH } \\ \text { [Brake ft-lbs.] } \end{gathered}$ | Economy Motor* <br> 208-230/460 3PH <br> SLIPPAGE ~ 10\% <br> [Brake ft-lbs.] | Single Phase 115/230 1PH [Brake ft-lbs.] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1/4 | - | - | - | 02MT [7] | 02BS [3] |
| $1 / 3$ | - | - | - | 03MT [7] | 03BS [3] |
| $1 / 2$ | 05RT [3] | 05RW [3] | 05RE [3] | 05MT [7] | 05BS [3] |
| $3 / 4$ | 07RT [6] | 07RW [6] | 07RE [6] | 07MT [7] | 07BS [6] |
| 1 | 10RT [6] | 10RW [6] | 10RE [6] | 10MT [7] | 10BS [3] |
| $11 / 2$ | 15RT [6] | 15RW [10] | - | 15MT [9] | - |
| 2 | 20RT [10] | 20RW [10] | 20RE [10] | 20MT [20] | - |
| 3 | 30RT [15] | 30RW [15] | 30RE [15] | 30MT [20] | - |
| 5 | 50RT [25] | 50RW [25] | 50RE [25] | 50MT [25] | - |
| $71 / 2$ | 75RT [35] | - | - | 75MT [40] | - |

* Motor rpm between 1620 and 1680 for Economy motors. For speed critical application please contact Nook Engineering.


## SERVO/STEPPER MOTORS

Servo or Stepper Electric Cylinders offer the ability to attach a servo or stepper motor to a ball screw or machine screw jack. Using a servo or stepper motor increases control of acceleration, deceleration, travel rate and positioning accuracy compared with standard NEMA framed motors.

Custom Motor Adaptors are designed to accommodate any specified coupling and motor. Servo or Stepper Electric Cylinders can be delivered as a complete assembly, including a vendorspecified motor. Contact Nook/Thomson for further assistance with jack applications requiring servo or stepper motors.

## IN-LINE ENCODER

In-Line Encoder Is Installed Between the Motor Adapter and Motor
For position sensing at the input shaft, the in-line encoder option may be factory installed between the motor and motor adapter or Right-Angle Reducer. This low-cost option requires minimal space. When used with worm gear type cylinders, it leaves the extension shaft side of the cylinder free for clearance, for a rotary limit switch, or for coupling to another cylinder .

The In-line encoder's quadrature output design allows detection of both speed and direction of shaft rotation.

The in-line encoder option mounts to a motor and therefore requires an optional motor mount or right-angle reducer.

| Sensing speed range: | $0-10,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ |
| ---: | :--- |
| Pulse Output: | 60 pulses/revolution |
| Supply voltage: | +5 to 24 Volts $\mathrm{DC}+/-5 \%$ |
| Supply current: | 60 mA typical, 115 mA maximum |
| Output drive capability: | 250 mA per channel continuous |
| Maximum load: | 50 ohms per channel |

Encoder is face mounted between the motor and motor mount and will offset the length of the motor . 61 inches for NEMA 56 and 140 frames and .88 inches for NEMA 180 and 210 frames.


## howto ORDER AN IN-LINE ENCODER:

Specify the Cylinder reference number, using the system described on page 35 or 55 .

EXAMPLE:
DD-1008-HD / 10RT-2 / 000-1 / CC / 24.0 / ES
Product Code $\qquad$


## OUTPUT CHANNEL WAVEFORMS



## OUTPUT CHANNEL SCHEMATIC (CHANNELS A \& B)



## ROTARY LIMIT SWITCH

Every motorized Electric Cylinder must be controlled so that power to the motor is turned off and the brake engaged before the limits of mechanical travel are reached.

The rotary limit switch senses extension shaft rotation and provides switch contact closures that can be used to control motors.

This sturdy, durable assembly is available with two or four circuits or two circuits and a potentiometer. Each circuit has a separate rotating cam that actuates a high quality switch. The switch actuation may be individually and infinitely adjusted anywhere within the travel of the cylinder.

These assemblies contain gear reducers with ratios that vary according to the model and travel of the electric cylinders. Nook/ Thomson selects ratios that result in maximum cam rotation for best accuracy, repeatability and minimum hysteresis. In most cases, with full travel of the actuator, the cam will rotate $3 / 8$ to $7 / 8$ of a revolution to actuate a switch. In the event that the cam continues to rotate, the switch returns to its original state after approximately $25^{\circ}$ of rotation, with no damage to the limit switch assembly.

A 2-circuit switch assembly is useful for limiting the maximum and minimum extension. A 4-circuit assembly gives the possibility of additional signals for other user purposes. The potentiometer version is used to provide an analog signal for sensing cylinder position.

Single Pole Double Throw (SPDT) switches are standard and Double Pole Double Throw (DPDT) switches are optional. These assemblies are dust protected and meet NEMA 4 and 5 standards for oil and water tightness.

A rotary limit switch assembly is mounted to the extension shaft side of the Worm Gear Screw Cylinder opposite the motor.

A rotary limit switch is available for Electric Cylinder Series DD25 and RAD-25 and larger. Most cylinder models have close and extended mounts for the switches to provide clearance around the switch housing. See the charts below for dimensions.

Switches are factory installed to assure proper assembly in the correct orientation for the specified mounting position.

CAUTION: Limit switches are not adjusted at the factory. Switches should be set after installation.

| PRODUCT <br> CODE | NUMBER OF <br> CIRCUITS | SWITCH <br> TYPE | POTENTIO- <br> METER |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2CA | 2 | SPDT | NO |
| 2CC | 2 | DPDT | NO |
| 4CA | 4 | SPDT | NO |
| 4CE | 4 | DPDT | NO |
| PTA | 2 | SPDT | YES |
| PTC | 2 | DPDT | YES |

Explosion Proof model also available. Contact Nook Engineering for more information.

## HOWTO ORDER A ROTARY LIMIT SWITCH

## Specify:

- Product code (see table below)
- Mounting Position (1 through 8 - see following page)
- Close or Extended Mount (C or E)

Insert the correct designation in the Electric Cylinder reference number (see page 35 or 55 ).

## Example:



Examples of rotary limit switch designations:

- 2CA-4C - 2-circuit, SPDT, position 4, close mount
- 4CE-1E - 4-circuit, DPDT, position 1, extended mount
- $\mathrm{C}=$ Close mount on
- $E=$ Extended mount (see following page)

IMPORTANT: These designation numbers are not complete part numbers. These assemblies contain gear reducers with ratios that vary according to the model and travel of the cylinder. If you are ordering a replacement switch assembly, complete information on the electric cylinder is required.


（1）

（3）


ELECTRICAL RATINGS：

## Switches：

> | DC Current | 115 Volts SPDT, . 50 amps, DPDT, . 80 A |
| ---: | :--- |
| AC Current | 115 Volts SPDT, $15 \mathrm{amps}, ~ D P D T, ~$ |

NOTE：While the 10－turn potentiometer is rated for 0－500 Ohms，as implemented in the rotary limit switch assembly，it cannot and should not operate over its full range．Minimum and maximum resistance values cannot be known until the unit is installed and final travel limit adjustments have been made，therefore，the device connected to the potentiometer should include provisions for trimming to compensate for these values．

| SERIES | DIMENSION H CLOSE <br> MOUNT | DIMENSION H EXT． <br> MOUNT |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| DD \＆RAD 25 | 2.75 | 3.56 |
| DD \＆RAD 30 | 2.75 | 3.56 |
| DD \＆RAD 50 | 3.56 | 4.56 |
| DD \＆RAD 100 | 3.88 | 5.56 |
| DD \＆RAD 200 | 4.41 | 5.81 |


（4）

（8）


## WIRING DIAGRAMS：

 terminals must be common．opposite polarity．

## ROD-TYPE LIMIT SWITCH ASSEMBLIES

The Rod-Type Limit Switch provides two SPDT switches used to limit the maximum and minimum cylinder extension. The switch assembly mounts to the cylinder tubes for convenient access and leaves the extension shaft free for other purposes. The simple design permits easy installation and maintenance. Independent adjustment allows for quick and easy fine tuning of the travel limits.


ROD-TYPE LIMIT SWITCH DIMENSIONS:


Every Electric Cylinder should be installed so that electrical power to the motor is turned off and the brake engaged before the travel limits are reached, or damage to the cylinder can result.

Minimum travel is 6 " and maximum travel is 72" for all Electric Cylinders equipped with rod-type limit switches.


## HOWTO ORDER A ROD-TYPE LIMIT SWITCH:

Specify the Electric Cylinder reference number, using the system described on page 35 or 55 .

EXAMPLE: DD-1008-HD / 10BT-2 / 000-1 / CC / 24.0 / SR
" $R$ " anywhere in this field indicates Rod-Type Limit Switch Assembly

| SWITCH ENCLOSURE RATINGS |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| NEMA |  |
| IEC $2,3,3 R, 4,5,6,12,13$ |  |
|  | IP67 |
|  |  |
| SERIES |  |
| DD-5 | 4.00 |
| DD-10 | 3.66 |
| DD \& RAD-25 | 4.00 |
| DD \& RAD-30 | 4.20 |
| DD \& RAD-50 | 4.66 |
| DD \& RAD-100 | 4.60 |
| DD \& RAD-200 | 5.40 |

Explosion Proof model also available. Contact Nook Engineering for more information.

Use of Rod Limit Switches in outdoor application with direct exposure to harsh environmental conditions is not advisable. Contamination will prevent the switch from functioning poperly.

## STANDARD MITER GEAR ASSEMBLIES

## GEAR RATIO 1:1 AND 2:1

Nook/Thomson Electric Cylinders may be used in multiple arrangements by connecting shafting, couplings and gear boxes to simultaneously transmit power to the input shafts of the electric cylinders. Nook/Thomson provides gearboxes for use with electric cylinders. Make certain that the total torque and horsepower required by the arrangement does not exceed the ratings of the box. Miter gear boxes can be operated up to 900 rpm . Higher speeds are permissible at lower torque ratings. Noise levels may increase at higher speeds. The operating efficiency of a miter gear box is $90 \%$

|  | Gear Ratio | Rated Load at 1700 rpm |  |  |  | Est. Weight (lb) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Continuous Duty |  | Intermittent Duty |  |  |
|  |  | HP | Torque (in-lb) | HP | Torque (in-lb) |  |
| GB210 | 1:1 | 7.67 | 284 | 14.44 | 535 | 61/4 |
| GB210S* | 1:1 | 5.75 | 213.24 | 10.82 | 401.32 | $61 / 4$ |
| GB210S-R2* | 2:1 | 3.01 | 111.54 | 5.56 | 206.31 | 61/4 |
| GB15 | 1:1 | 30.5 | 1,131 | 38.33 | 1,421 | 26 |
| GB12** | 1:1 | 60.51 | 2724.13 | 70.48 | 3172.91 | 39 |

* Spiral bevel gear set
** Rated Load calculated at 1400 rpm


Gears are forged alloy steel. Shafts are stressproof steel ground and polished. Clockwise (CW) and counterclockwise (CCW) notations indicate direction of shaft rotation when facing outer end of shaft. All shaft arrangements will operate opposite direction for that shown. To order, specify model number and desired shaft arrangement.

## GB210, GB210S, GB210S-R2



GB15


GB12


GB210, GB210S, and GB210S-R2 are filled with EP-90 Gear lubricant at time of shipment. GB15 and GB12 are shipped dry. Fill with EP90 Gear Lubricant: Capacity 1 qt.


TYPE B


TYPE C


TYPE D


TYPE E


TYPE F


TYPE G

## ENVIRONMENTAL CYLINDERS OPTIONS

Electric Cylinders are ruggedly designed for most industrial applications. The standard cylinder is capable of withstanding ambient temperatures ranging from $0^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $180^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. The actuator tubes are precision-ground hard chrome-plated with the outer tube and housing enamel painted.

Nook/Thomson offers serval options for demanding applications Application such as; Indoor-wet/harsh, indoor wet/food grade, outdoor, marine, and high-temp ( $180^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $300^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ).


## INDOOR - WET/HARSH ENVIRONMENT

Intended for basic wash down with harsh cleaning chemicals.

## Change includes:

- Stainless Steel Fasteners and Hardware
- Fluorocarbon (Viton) Seals
- Corrosion Resistant Motor Adapters and Reducers
- Corrosion Resistant Limit Switches
- Hypalon Coated Nylon Boot
- Self-Priming Epoxy Paint


INDOOR -WET/FOOD GRADE ENVIRONMENT
Intended for food processing application.

## Change includes:

- Stainless Steel Fasteners and Hardware
- Fluorocarbon (Viton) Seals
- Corrosion Resistant Motor Adapters and Reducers
- Corrosion Resistant Limit Switches
- Hypalon Coated Nylon Boot
- Self-Priming Epoxy Paint
- Food Grade Grease



## OUTDOOR

Intended for basic outdoor and weather environments.

## Change includes:

- Stainless Steel Fasteners and Hardware
- Fluorocarbon (Viton) Seals
- Corrosion Resistant Motor Adapters and Reducers
- Corrosion Resistant Limit Switches
- Hypalon Coated Nylon Boot
- Self-Priming Epoxy Paint as Primer
- Polyurethane Outdoor Coating for Topcoat



## ELECTRIC CYLINDERS <br> ACCESSORIES

## MARINE

Intended for salt air outdoor and weather environments.

## Change includes:

- Stainless Steel Fasteners and Hardware
- Fluorocarbon (Viton) Seals
- Corrosion Resistant Motor Adapters and Reducers
- Corrosion Resistant Limit Switches
- Hypalon Coated Nylon Boot
- Self-Priming Epoxy Paint as Primer
- Marine Polysiloxane Outdoor Coating for Topcoat


HIGH-TEMP ( $180^{\circ} \mathrm{FTO} 300^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ )
Intended for indoor high ambient temperature environments.

## Change includes:

- Grease Mobiltemp SHC32
- Fluorocarbon (Viton) Seals
- Silicone Coated Fiberglass Boot (max 550 deg F).
- Tempercoate H2O Primer
- Tempercote H2O (Color: Med. Gray) for Topcoat

NOTE: High-Temp Cylinders do not accommodate Motor Mounts, Limit Switches, and non- standard RAD Gearboxes.


## LOW-TEMP (-40ㅇTO $0^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ )

Intended for outdoor low ambient temperature environments.

## Change includes:

- Stainless Steel Fasteners and Hardware
- Grease Aeroshell \#22
- Fluorocarbon (Viton) Seals
- Hypalon Coated Nylon Boot
- Self-Priming Epoxy Paint as Primer
- Polyurethane Outdoor Coating for Topcoat

NOTE: Low-Temp Cylinders do not accommodate Limit Switches and non- standard RAD Gearboxes.

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## LINKJAC ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ SHAFTING

LinkJac ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Line Shafting is used to interconnect the input shafts of Nook/Thomson Electric Cylinders used in a multiple arrangement. The shafts transfer the torque from the motor to the electric cylinder or from cylinder to cylinder. LinkJac ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ is available in either steel Line Shafting available in standard lengths up to 144", or in aluminum Tubular Shafting with bonded journals of stainless steel available in lengths up to 196". Custom end machining and other diameters are available. Contact Nook/Thomson for information.

## SELECTION:

There are two major concerns when selecting an interconnect shaft:
Critical Speed: How fast will the shaft be turning?
Torsional Twist: How much torque will the shafts be transmitting?

The two characteristics of a LinkJac™ Line Shaft or Tubular Shafting which can be varied to accommodate these requirements are:

Length of the shaft
Diameter of the shaft

When selecting a LinkJac™ Line Shaft or Tubular Shafting, use the largest diameter or shortest length which satisfies both Critical Speed and Torsional Twist equations.

Critical Speed: The speed that excites the natural frequency of the screw is referred to as the critical speed.

Since the speed can also be affected by shaft straightness and assembly alignment, it is recommended that the maximum speed be limited to $80 \%$ of the calculated critical speed value. The theoretical formula to calculate critical speed in rpm is;

$$
\mathrm{N}_{\text {speed }}=.6192 \times\left(\frac{\pi}{\mathrm{L}}\right)^{2} \times \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{s}}
$$

WHERE:
$N$ = Critical Speed in revolutions per minute
$L=$ Length of unsupported shaft in inches
Cs = Value list from table below

## LINE SHAFTING



|  | OD <br> (in) | KEYWAY <br> (in) | KEYWAY <br> LENGTH (in) | A | B | MATERIAL | C $_{\boldsymbol{T}}$ | C $_{\mathbf{s}}$ | WEIGHT/IN <br> (Ib) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LJJ-8 | $1 / 2$ | - | - | - | - | Steel | 1,235 | $3.895 \times 10^{5}$ | 0.056 |
| LJ-12 | $3 / 4$ | - | - | - | - | Steel | 6,250 | $5.851 \times 10^{5}$ | 0.125 |
| LJ-16 | 1 | - | - | - | - | Steel | 19,500 | $1.168 \times 10^{6}$ | 0.223 |
| LJ-24 | $11 / 2$ | - | - | - | - | Steel | 95,000 | $1.169 \times 10^{6}$ | 0.502 |
| LJK-8 | $1 / 2$ | $1 / 8 \times 1 / 16$ | Full Length | - | - | Steel | 1,235 | $3.895 \times 10^{5}$ | 0.056 |
| LJK-12 | $3 / 4$ | $3 / 16 \times 3 / 32$ | Full Length | - | - | Steel | 6,250 | $5.851 \times 10^{5}$ | 0.125 |
| LJK-16 | 1 | $1 / 4 \times 1 / 8$ | Full Length | - | - | Steel | 19,500 | $1.168 \times 10^{6}$ | 0.223 |
| LJK-24 | $11 / 2$ | $3 / 8 \times 3 / 16$ | Full Length | - | - | Steel | 95,000 | $1.169 \times 10^{6}$ | 0.502 |

* When adding modified keyways to standard LinkJac™ shafting, please contact Nook/Thomson Engineering.


## ELECTRIC CYLINDERS

Torsional Twist: The degree of twist experienced by LinkJac™ Line Shaft or Tubular Shafting when a given amount of torque is applied. To insure proper synchronization of cylinder motion, it is recommended not to exceed $1^{\circ}$ of twist. The theoretical formula to calculate torsional twist in degrees is;

$$
\text { NTwist }=T \times \frac{\mathrm{L}}{\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t}^{\prime}}}
$$

## WHERE:



## Design Information:

The length used in the previously listed formulas is the unsupported length of the shaft. If support bearings are used on the shaft, the length is the longest unsupported length between bearings.

The previously listed formulas give a theoretical value of critical speed and torsional twist. Alignment, straightness and stiffness of the system all contribute to determining the actual value.

The torque in the system is also limited by the torque capacity of the coupling.

Allow appropriate spacing between the electric cylinder input shaft and the LinkJac ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Line Shaft or Tubular Shafting inside the coupling.

For some combinations of couplings and electric cylinders, the radius of the suggested coupling is larger than the distance from the center of the worm shaft to the base.

Nook/Thomson offers a range of couplings for use with LinkJac™ Line Shaft or Tubular Shafting and Electric Cylinder products in both floating shaft and supported shaft applications. See pages 80-81 for more information.

METRICTUBULAR SHAFTING


|  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{OD} \\ \text { (in }[\mathrm{mm}] \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ | KEYWAY (mm) | KEYWAY <br> LENGTH <br> (mm) | A (mm) | B (mm) | MATERIAL | $\mathrm{C}_{\text {T }}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{\text {s }}$ | WEIGHT/IN <br> (lb) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LJT-27 | 1.06 [27] | $5 \times 2.5$ | 28 | 35 | $14_{\text {h7 }}$ | Aluminium | 3,375 | $9.798 \times 10^{5}$ | 0.035 |
| LJT-40 | 1.57 [40] | $6 \times 3$ | 40 | 45 | $18{ }_{\text {h7 }}$ | Aluminium | 12,250 | $1.504 \times 10^{6}$ | 0.055 |
| LJT-50 | 1.99 [50] | $6 \times 3$ | 40 | 45 | $22_{\text {h7 }}$ | Aluminium | 25,000 | $1.907 \times 10^{6}$ | 0.069 |
| LJT-60 | 2.36 [60] | $8 \times 3.5$ | 50 | 55 | $30_{\text {h7 }}$ | Aluminium | 43,750 | $2.312 \times 10^{6}$ | 0.084 |

## FLEXIBLE COUPLINGS

Electric cylinders used alone or in multiple arrangements require couplings to transmit power to the input shaft. Nook Industries provides jaw type and flex type couplings for use with cylinders. The selection process for couplings includes the following steps:

1) Refer to the electric cylinder specification tables to determine torque requirements per cylinder for your application.
2) Determine total coupling capacity required by multiplying the torque required per cylinder by the number of cylilnders to be driven by the coupling
3) Check the torque required against maximum torque rating as shown in the table. Select a coupling with a maximum torque greater than the application torque.
4) If using flex type couplings, full-flex couplings should be used for close coupled arrangements. For floating shaft applications, use two



Flex-Rigid couplings. The rigid half should be mounted on the floating shaft.

All electric cylinders, shafts, couplings and motor should be carefully aligned for maximum performance. Couplings with bores other than those specified are available upon request.


## JAWTYPE SERIES

| PRODUCT CODE | Max. Torque Rating (in-lb) | Approx. <br> Wt. (Ib) | Clamp Bolt Torque (in-lb) | COUPLING DIMENSIONS (in) |  |  |  |  |  | BORE SIZES (in) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | A | B | E | F | G | H | $J$ | Keyway K | L | Keyway M |
| C-3020-01 | 111 | 0.10 | 12 | 1.38 | 1.18 | 0.43 | 0.51 | 1.27 | 0.45 | 0.375 | - | 0.375 | - |
| C-3025-01 | 150 | 0.30 | 93 | 2.60 | 1.57 | 0.98 | 0.63 | 1.81 | 0.57 | 0.500 | $1 / 8 \times 1 / 16$ | 0.500 | $1 / 8 \times 1 / 16$ |
| C-3025-05 | 150 | 0.30 | 93 | 2.60 | 1.57 | 0.98 | 0.63 | 1.81 | 0.57 | 0.500 | $1 / 8 \times 1 / 16$ | 0.625 | $1 / 8 \times 1 / 16$ |
| C-3025-02 | 150 | 0.30 | 93 | 2.60 | 1.57 | 0.98 | 0.63 | 1.81 | 0.57 | 0.500 | $1 / 8 \times 1 / 16$ | 0.750 | $3 / 16 \times 3 / 32$ |
| C-3025-03 | 150 | 0.30 | 93 | 2.60 | 1.57 | 0.98 | 0.63 | 1.81 | 0.57 | 0.625 | $1 / 8 \times 1 / 16$ | 0.625 | $1 / 8 \times 1 / 16$ |
| C-3025-04 | 150 | 0.30 | 93 | 2.60 | 1.57 | 0.98 | 0.63 | 1.81 | 0.57 | 0.625 | $1 / 8 \times 1 / 16$ | 0.750 | $3 / 16 \times 3 / 32$ |
| C-3025-06 | 150 | 0.30 | 93 | 2.60 | 1.57 | 0.98 | 0.63 | 1.81 | 0.57 | 0.750 | $3 / 16 \times 3 / 32$ | 0.750 | $3 / 16 \times 3 / 32$ |
| C-3030-01 | 531 | 0.62 | 93 | 3.07 | 2.17 | 1.18 | 0.71 | 2.26 | 0.79 | 0.750 | $3 / 16 \times 3 / 32$ | 1.000 | $1 / 4 \times 1 / 8$ |
| C-3030-02 | 531 | 0.62 | 93 | 3.07 | 2.17 | 1.18 | 0.71 | 2.26 | 0.79 | 1.000 | $1 / 4 \times 1 / 8$ | 1.000 | $1 / 4 \times 1 / 8$ |



## HEAVY DUTY SERIES

| PRODUCT CODE |  | Max. Torque Rating (in-lb) | Approx.Wt. <br> (lb) | COUPLING DIMENSIONS (in) |  |  |  |  |  | BORE SIZES (in) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Flex | Flex-Rigid |  |  | A | B | C | D | E | F | $J$ | Keyway K | L | Keyway M |
| C-1800-04 | C-1805-04 | 2,500 | 5 | 3.125 | 3.125 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 1.50 | 0.125 | $\begin{aligned} & .4995 \\ & .4990 \end{aligned}$ | $1 / 8 \times 1 / 16$ | $\begin{aligned} & .7495 \\ & .7490 \end{aligned}$ | $3 / 16 \times 3 / 32$ |
| C-1800-01 | C-1805-01 | 2,500 | 5 | 3.125 | 3.125 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 1.50 | 0.125 | $\begin{aligned} & .4995 \\ & .4990 \end{aligned}$ | $1 / 8 \times 1 / 16$ | $\begin{aligned} & .9995 \\ & .9990 \end{aligned}$ | $1 / 4 \times 1 / 8$ |
| C-1800-05 | C-1805-05 | 2,500 | 5 | 3.125 | 3.125 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 1.50 | 0.125 | $\begin{aligned} & .7495 \\ & .7490 \end{aligned}$ | $3 / 16 \times 3 / 32$ | $\begin{aligned} & .7495 \\ & .7490 \end{aligned}$ | $3 / 16 \times 3 / 32$ |
| C-1800-02 | C-1805-02 | 2,500 | 5 | 3.125 | 3.125 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 1.50 | 0.125 | $\begin{aligned} & .7495 \\ & .7490 \end{aligned}$ | $3 / 16 \times 3 / 32$ | $.9995$ | $1 / 4 \times 1 / 8$ |
| C-1800-03 | C-1805-03 | 2,500 | 5 | 3.125 | 3.125 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 1.50 | 0.125 | $\begin{aligned} & .9995 \\ & .9990 \end{aligned}$ | $1 / 4 \times 1 / 8$ | $\begin{aligned} & .9995 \\ & .9990 \end{aligned}$ | $1 / 4 \times 1 / 8$ |
| C-1810-01 | C-1815-01 | 7,500 | 8 | 3.75 | 3.75 | 2.53 | 2.375 | 1.82 | 0.125 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.2495 \\ & 1.2490 \end{aligned}$ | $1 / 4 \times 1 / 8$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.2495 \\ & 1.2490 \end{aligned}$ | $1 / 4 \times 1 / 8$ |
| C-1810-02 | C-1815-02 | 7,500 | 8 | 3.75 | 3.75 | 2.53 | 2.375 | 1.82 | 0.125 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.3745 \\ & 1.3740 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 5/16 $\times 5 / 32$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.2495 \\ & 1.2490 \end{aligned}$ | $1 / 4 \times 1 / 8$ |
| C-1810-03 | C-1815-03 | 7,500 | 8 | 3.75 | 3.75 | 2.53 | 2.375 | 1.82 | 0.125 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.4995 \\ & 1.4990 \end{aligned}$ | $3 / 8 \times 3 / 16$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.2495 \\ & 1.2490 \end{aligned}$ | $1 / 4 \times 1 / 8$ |

## ECONOMY SERIES

| PRODUCT CODE |  | Max. Torque Rating (in-lb) | Approx.Wt. <br> (lb) | COUPLING DIMENSIONS (in) |  |  |  |  |  | BORE SIZES (in) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full Flex | Flex-Rigid |  |  | A | B | C | D | E | F | $J$ | Keyway K | L | Keyway M |
| P-2200-185 | - | 210 | 0.37 | 2.13 | 1.89 | 1.46 | 1.26 | 0.98 | 0.16 | 0.500 | $1 / 8 \times 1 / 16$ | 0.750 | $3 / 16 \times 3 / 32$ |
| P-2200-193 | - | 210 | 0.37 | 2.13 | 1.89 | 1.46 | 1.26 | 0.98 | 0.16 | 0.625 | $3 / 16 \times 3 / 32$ | 0.750 | $3 / 16 \times 3 / 32$ |
| P-2200-196 | - | 260 | 0.71 | 2.2 | 2.05 | 1.61 | 1.42 | 1.02 | 0.16 | 0.625 | $3 / 16 \times 3 / 32$ | 0.750 | $3 / 16 \times 3 / 32$ |
| P-2200-178 | - | 210 | 0.37 | 2.13 | 1.89 | 1.46 | 1.26 | 0.98 | 0.16 | 0.750 | $3 / 16 \times 3 / 32$ | 0.750 | $3 / 16 \times 3 / 32$ |
| P-2200-182 | - | 260 | 0.71 | 2.2 | 2.05 | 1.61 | 1.42 | 1.02 | 0.16 | 0.750 | $3 / 16 \times 3 / 32$ | 0.750 | $3 / 16 \times 3 / 32$ |
| P-2200-183 | - | 610 | 1.64 | 3.31 | 2.6 | 1.81 | 1.73 | 1.57 | 0.16 | 0.750 | $3 / 16 \times 3 / 32$ | 1.000 | $1 / 4 \times 1 / 8$ |
| P-2200-191 | - | 610 | 1.64 | 3.31 | 2.6 | 1.81 | 1.73 | 1.57 | 0.16 | 0.750 | $3 / 16 \times 3 / 32$ | 1.125 | $1 / 4 \times 1 / 8$ |
| P-2200-177 | - | 1,170 | 3.31 | 3.46 | 3.62 | 1.97 | 2.56 | 1.46 | 0.55 | 1.000 | $1 / 4 \times 1 / 8$ | 1.000 | $1 / 4 \times 1 / 8$ |

## MOUNTING CLEVISES

## FEMALE ROD CLEVIS



| CYLINDERSERIES | Product Code | DIMENSIONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\varnothing$ A | B radius | C | D | E | F | G thread |
| 5 SERIES | 9012-5 | . $3145 / 3165$ | 19/64 | 13/64 | 11/32 | $11 / 4$ | 13/16 | 5/16-24 |
| 10 SERIES | 9012-8 | .504/.502 | 1/2 | 1/2 | $3 / 4$ | 11/2 | $3 / 4$ | 7/16-20 |
| 25 SERIES | 9012-12 | .752/.754 | $3 / 4$ | 5/8 | $11 / 4$ | 21/8 | 11/8 | $3 / 4-16$ |
| 30 SERIES | 9012-12 | .752/.754 | $3 / 4$ | 5/8 | $11 / 4$ | 21/8 | 11/8 | 3/4-16 |
| 50 SERIES | 9012-16 | 1.002/1.004 | 1 | $3 / 4$ | 11/2 | 25/16 | 15\% | 1-14 |
| 100 SERIES | 9012-16 | 1.002/1.004 | 1 | 3/4 | $11 / 2$ | 215/6 | 15\% | 1-14 |
| 200 SERIES | 9012-22 | 1.377/1.379 | 13/8 | 1 | 2 | $33 / 4$ | 2 | $11 / 4-12$ |

NOTE: Rod Clevis with swivel bearings can be supplied. Contact Nook Engineering.

CLEVIS BRACKET


| CYLINDER <br> SERIES | PRODUCT <br> CODE | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | $\varnothing \mathrm{J}$ | K | L | $\varnothing \mathrm{M}$ | N | P |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $9013-7$ | $3 / 8$ | $3 / 8$ | 1 | $25^{\circ}$ | $1 / 2$ | $5 / 8$ | 1.75 | $21 / 4$ | $17 / 64$ | $3 / 8$ | $15 / 32$ | $.4395 / .4415$ | 1.75 | $21 / 4$ |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ SERIES | $9013-8$ | $1 / 2$ | $1 / 2$ | $11 / 2$ | $25^{\circ}$ | $5 / 8$ | $3 / 4$ | 2.55 | $31 / 2$ | $13 / 32$ | $1 / 2$ | $3 / 4$ | $.504 / .502$ | 2.55 | $31 / 2$ |
| $\mathbf{2 5}$ SERIES | $9013-12$ | $3 / 4$ | $5 / 8$ | $17 / 8$ | $25^{\circ}$ | $29 / 32$ | $3 / 4$ | 3.82 | 5 | $17 / 32$ | $5 / 8$ | $11 / 4$ | $.752 / .754$ | 3.82 | 5 |
| $\mathbf{3 0}$ SERIES | $9013-12$ | $3 / 4$ | $5 / 8$ | $17 / 8$ | $25^{\circ}$ | $29 / 32$ | $3 / 4$ | 3.82 | 5 | $17 / 32$ | $5 / 8$ | $11 / 4$ | $.752 / .754$ | 3.82 | 5 |
| $\mathbf{5 0}$ SERIES | $9013-16$ | 1 | $3 / 4$ | $21 / 4$ | $25^{\circ}$ | $11 / 4$ | $11 / 2$ | 4.95 | $61 / 2$ | $21 / 32$ | $3 / 4$ | $11 / 2$ | $1.002 / 1.004$ | 4.95 | $61 / 2$ |
| $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ SERIES | $9013-16$ | 1 | $3 / 4$ | $21 / 4$ | $25^{\circ}$ | $11 / 4$ | $11 / 2$ | 4.95 | $61 / 2$ | $21 / 32$ | $3 / 4$ | $11 / 2$ | $1.002 / 1.004$ | 4.95 | $61 / 2$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0}$ SERIES | $9013-22$ | $13 / 8$ | $7 / 8$ | 3 | $25^{\circ}$ | $1^{21 / 32}$ | 2 | 5.73 | $71 / 2$ | $21 / 32$ | 1 | 2 | $1.377 / 1.379$ | 5.73 | $71 / 2$ |

## PIVOT PIN



| CYLINDER <br> SERIES | PRODUCT <br> CODE | DIMENSIONS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | ØB |  |
| 5 SERIES | $9014-7$ | $15 / 16$ | $.4385 / .4355$ |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ SERIES | $9014-8$ | $11 / 8$ | $.501 / .498$ |
| $\mathbf{2 5}$ SERIES | $9014-12$ | $25 / 8$ | $.751 / .748$ |
| $\mathbf{3 0}$ SERIES | $9014-12$ | $25 / 8$ | $.751 / .748$ |
| $\mathbf{5 0}$ SERIES | $9014-16$ | $31 / 8$ | $1.001 / 0.999$ |
| $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ SERIES | $9014-16$ | $31 / 8$ | $1.001 / 0.999$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0}$ SERIES | $9014-22$ | $41 / 8$ | $1.376 / 1.373$ |

## BELLOWS BOOTS

## STANDARD AND SPECIAL BELLOWS BOOTS

Bellows boots are available for all sizes and configurations of Electric Cylinders. A boot protects the tube from contamination.

Standard boots are sewn from black neoprene-covered nylon fabric for oil, water and weather resistance and are acceptable for use in $-30^{\circ} \mathrm{Fto}+300^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ environments. Optional materials are available for specific operating conditions (see chart).
Standard boots are furnished with tie straps for electric cylinders with greater than 65 inches travel. Tie straps are attached from convolution to convolution and help the boot extend uniformly.

ELECTRIC CYLINDERS
ACCESSORIES


Bellows Boot

## SPECIAL END CONFIGURATIONS



Square Cuff


Flange End


Square Flange


Nook Electric Cylinders used in a paper manufacturing application.

## CONTROL PANELS

Nook/Thomson control panels are designed to match the motor when shipped from the factory. The control panels are acceptable to use in most industrial environments (including automotive). Functionality of the control panel can be customized to match any application and spare parts are readily available.

The control panel interconnects with other safety/control systems.


## Benefits:

- The control matches the motor with no design time required
- The control is acceptable to use in most industrial environments (including automotive)
- Spare parts are readily available
- Functionality of the control can be customized to match any application
- The control interconnects with other safety/control systems


## Motor Capacities:

$1 / 4$ up to 15 HP 3-phase 230-460-575 VAC induction motors with or without electrically operated brakes.

- NEMA 4/12 Enclosures
- NEMA 4X also available


## Internal Wiring:

- Per NFPA-79
- Main fuses with disconnect models
- UL Listed


## Limit Switches:

All units have the ability to work with limit switches or custom supplied mechanical limit switches

Front Panel Indicators include Power Indicator
Front Panel Controls include maintained stop push-button, main power disconnect switch (optional), extend push-button and retract push-button. In auto mode, the load moves until limit is reached; in jog mode, the load moves while button is pressed.

CAUTION - Licensed Electrician Required at time of install.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HP | Voltage | 3 PH MODEL NUMBERS |  | Enclosure Size (in)$H \times W \times D$ |
|  |  | Without Disconnect | With Disconnect |  |
| $1 / 4$ | 230 | NCB23025 | NCB23025D | $14 \times 12 \times 8$ |
|  | 460 | NCB46025 | NCB46025D | $14 \times 12 \times 8$ |
| 1/3 | 230 | NCB23033 | NCB23033D | $14 \times 12 \times 8$ |
|  | 460 | NCB46033 | NCB46033D | $14 \times 12 \times 8$ |
|  | 575 | NCB57033 | NCB57033D | $14 \times 12 \times 8$ |
| 1/2 | 230 | NCB23050 | NCB23050D | $14 \times 12 \times 8$ |
|  | 460 | NCB46050 | NCB46050D | $14 \times 12 \times 8$ |
|  | 575 | NCB57050 | NCB57050D | $14 \times 12 \times 8$ |
| $3 / 4$ | 230 | NCB23075 | NCB23075D | $14 \times 12 \times 8$ |
|  | 460 | NCB46075 | NCB46075D | $14 \times 12 \times 8$ |
|  | 575 | NCB57075 | NCB57075D | $14 \times 12 \times 8$ |
| 1 | 230 | NCB230100 | NCB230100D | $14 \times 12 \times 8$ |
|  | 460 | NCB460100 | NCB460100D | $14 \times 12 \times 8$ |
|  | 575 | NCB570100 | NCB570100D | $14 \times 12 \times 8$ |
| 11/2 | 230 | NCB230150 | NCB230150D | $14 \times 12 \times 8$ |
|  | 460 | NCB460150 | NCB460150D | $14 \times 12 \times 8$ |
|  | 575 | NCB570150 | NCB570150D | $14 \times 12 \times 8$ |
| 2 | 230 | NCB230200 | NCB230200D | $14 \times 12 \times 8$ |
|  | 460 | NCB460200 | NCB460200D | $14 \times 12 \times 8$ |
|  | 575 | NCB570200 | NCB570200D | $14 \times 12 \times 8$ |



## PRECISION LINEAR ACTUATORS



Nook/Thomson Linear Actuators are widely used in the packaging industry.

FTHOMSON Linear Motion. Optimized:
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## NjNOOK

## FEATURES OVERVIEW

PA Actuator ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ offers an expanded range of performance by providing higher loads, longer life, and increased duty cycles with higher speeds and programmability.


## PA ACTUATOR ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ ADVANTAGES

- Rated for continuous duty
- Operates at speeds up to 25 inches per second
- Long service life
- Anti-rotation device integrated
- Quiet running performance
- Complete system from one source including motor, drive, controller, and power supply
- Both ball screw and acme screw drives available
- Ball screws are used on high-speed applications
- Acme screw actuators designed for lower duty cycles where self-locking is desired.



## PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

- High mechanical efficiency
- Strokes up to 24 in
- Repeatability up to $\pm 0.04$ in
- Toothed belt drive (for parallel motor mounting)
- Standard motor and gearhead flanges for simplified selection. Optional motors are available at customer selection when specified
- IP54 Optional (motor dependent)
- IP65 Optional (motor dependent)


## PA ACTUATORTM <br> LINEAR ACTUATORS

## DEFINITIONS \& TERMS

## BACKLASH

Backlash (lash) is the relative axial movement between a screw and nut without rotation of the screw or nut. Backlash in PA Actuator occurs wherever reversible load conditions exist. Expected backlash is less than $.010^{\prime \prime}$ for all either acme or ball screws. Ball Screw actuators can be factory adjusted to reduce backlash at the lift shaft by selecting bearing ball size in the ball nut. This selective fit technique can be used to achieve a minimal lash between the ball nut and ball screw of $.003^{\prime \prime}$ to .005 .' Precision ball screws with preloaded nuts can be supplied when less than .003" backlash is required.

## REACTIONTORQUE

PA Actuators are manufactured to prevent rod reaction torque to be felt by the attaching structure. Each actuator is equipped with a low friction keyed block to prevent rotation of the rod actuator as the motor provides torque in either direction.

## TRAVEL LENGTH

PA Actuator is supplied in standard travel lengths. The actuators can be built with non-standard travel lengths if required.

PA Actuator can be built with non-standard lead screws to change the actuator operating speed, or with ground or preloaded screws if required by the application.

Contact Nook/Thomson for availability of special units.

## LEAD ACCURACY

Lead accuracy is the difference between the actual distances traveled versus the theoretical distance traveled based on lead. For example: Consider a lift shaft with a .5" lead and +/- .004"/ foot lead accuracy. If the shaft is rotated 24 times, the distance the nut moves is 11.996 to 12.004 inches.

The rolled thread screws, as employed in products, are held within +/-.004" per foot lead error.

## INPUT TORQUE

The input torque is the rotary force required at the input of the actuator to generate an output force at the actuator tube. When supplying your own motor, the torque necessary to move a given load is depends on the screw selected and the gear reduction used. Contact Nook/Thomson for specifics about torque requirements prior to selecting your unique motor.

Due to static friction, starting or "breakaway" torque can be as much as two to three times running torque. If the load is moved horizontally, the force required to move the load will be lessened in proportion to the coefficient of friction of the surface along which the load is moved. In addition, the force needed to start, stop and hold the load (inertia loading) is provided by the actuator.

## SELF-LOCKING AND BRAKES

The PA Actuator is not considered a Self-Locking actuator. A brake will be required to secure the load.

NOTE: $3 / 4-10$ acme screw versions are considered self-locking.

## TEMPERATURE

PA Actuator is suitable for operation within the specified limits, provided that the housing temperature is not lower than $-0^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ or higher than $+104^{\circ}$ F. Factory supplied grease in standard units will operate in this range. For higher or lower operating temperature ranges contact Nook/Thomson for recommendations.

## END-OF-TRAVEL STOPS

The PA Actuator is supplied with travel stops, but is not intended for motor stall torque limitations. A limit switch and a brake should be used to stop the motor. Mechanical stops can cause damage to the actuator because most electric motors will deliver stall torques much higher than their rated torques and motor inertia can cause severe shock loads.

## MAXIMUM LOAD

The maximum thrust load, including shock, that can be applied to the actuator without damaging the assembly.

## DYNAMIC CAPACITY

The maximum allowable thrust load based on horsepower, thrust bearing, and screw limitation.

## TENSION LOAD

A load that tends to "stretch" the screw.

## COMPRESSION LOAD

A load that tends to "squeeze" the screw.

## LOAD CAPACITY

All anticipated loads should be within the rated capacity of the actuator. Loads on the actuator in most applications include: static loads, dynamic or moving loads, cutting or other reaction forces and acceleration/deceleration loads.

For shock loads, the peak load must not exceed the rated capacity of the actuator, and an appropriate design factor should be applied commensurate with the severity of the shock.

## INSTALLATION \& MAINTENANCE

## INSTALLATION

The alignment of the actuators directly affects their service life.
Cylinders must be properly aligned in all planes so the actuator tube can move in and out without evidence of binding. Since the majority of actuator applications use the actuators with clevis or trunnion mounts, simply align the clevises and install the actuator.

Set limit switches (or Nook/Thomson Sensors) before operating. Allow for drift when setting the position.

## MAINTENANCE

PA Actuators require minimum maintenance. In addition to maintaining lubrication levels in the gearbox and tubes, the following items should be checked:

The actuator tube should be kept free of dirt. If possible, the actuator should be returned to the retracted position when not in use.

For acme actuators, lash between the lift shaft and travel nut greater than $1 / 4$ the screw pitch indicates the need for replacement of the actuator lift shaft components.

## LUBRICATION

PA Actuators require lubrication to operate efficiently and with maximum life. Standard lubrication is NLGI \#1.5 grease.

In normal operation, actuator lubricant should be checked once per month. Application conditions may dictate a more or less frequent lubrication cycle.

Lubricants containing additives such as molydisulfide or graphite should not be used.

The lift shafts (ball and acme screws) inside the PA Actuator tube receive lubrication through the port on the bottom side of the square extrusion. The only way to lubricate this section of the actuator is to apply some lubricant directly on the lift shaft when the actuator is fully extended beyond where the guide is past the lube port (see actuator cutaway views on page 93).

## REQUIRED APPLICATION DATA <br> Load

- Total maximum thrust load on actuator
- Total maximum thrust load on any one actuator
- Number of actuators


## Travel

- Inch Travel Rate
- Optimal speed
- Minimal acceptable speed
- Maximum acceptable speed


## Duty Cycle

- Distance per cycle
- Number of cycles per time period
- Maximum distance traveled in any year
- Life desired


## Configuration

- Tension, compression, or both


## APPLICATION EXAMPLE

[an application example will be published in a later edition]

## PA ACTUATOR ${ }^{\text {TM }}$

Nook/Thomson Precision Actuators are ruggedly designed for continuous duty and a long service life. They incorporate a direct drive or toothed belt drive for high mechanical efficiency that allows for a quiet running performance. They are supplied with either a ball screw or acme screw, and either a servo or stepper drive system.

Nook/Thomson can provide a complete system from one source including motor, drive, controller, and power supply.



## DIMENSIONS



|  | A (in) |  |  |  | B (in) |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Without Reducer |  | With Reducer |  | Without | With |
| MOTOR | No Brake | Brake | No Brake | Brake |  | Reducer |
| T23 STEPPER | 3.03 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 5.49 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 2.36 | 2.61 |
| T34 STEPPER | 4.96 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 8.29 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 2.86 | 3.42 |
| V200/400 | 5.42 | 6.96 | 8.09 | 9.62 | 2.44 | 2.61 |

NOTE: When using a linear position transducer, add 0.82 in to values L1, L2, and L3.

BALL SCREW MODELS

|  | PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS |  |  |  |  |  | DIMENSIONS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Screw | Lead (in) | Lead Accuracy (in/tt) | Efficiency (\%) | Nut Max Velocity* (in/min) | Max Capacity <br> (lb) | Dynamic Load** (lb) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { L1 } \\ & \text { (in) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { L2 } \\ & \text { (in) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { L3 } \\ & \text { (in) } \end{aligned}$ |
| 0750-0200 | 0.200 | 0.004 | >90 | 800 | 1,000 | 2,200 | 9.05 | 7.78 | 7.34 |
| 0750-0500 | 0.500 | 0.004 | >90 | 2000 | 1,000 | 2,723 | 10.10 | 8.83 | 8.40 |
| 0631-1000 | 1.000 | 0.004 | >90 | 3000 | 620 | 620 | 9.05 | 7.78 | 7.34 |

* as limited by DN value
** Ball screw $L_{10}$ life based on $1 \times 10^{6}$ inches of travel life
ACME SCREW MODELS

|  | PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS |  |  |  | DIMENSIONS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Screw | Lead <br> (in) | Lead Accuracy (in/ft) | Efficiency (\%) | Max Capacity <br> (lb) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { L1 } \\ & \text { (in) } \end{aligned}$ | L2 <br> (in) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { L3 } \\ & \text { (in) } \end{aligned}$ |
| 3/4-6 | 0.166 | 0.0036 | 36 | 1,000 | 9.05 | 7.78 | 7.34 |
| $3 / 4-10$ | 0.100 | 0.0036 | 25 | 1,000 | 9.05 | 7.78 | 7.34 |

* as limited by PV value


## REFERENCE NUMBER SYSTEM



## SENSORS

Nook/Thomson sensors are designed to meet the need for low cost position sensing on the PA Actuator ${ }^{\mathrm{TM}}$. It is highly accurate, with sensor repeatability up to $\pm .004^{\prime \prime}(0.1 \mathrm{MM})$. This design allows users to install and adjust multiple sensors on a single actuator and integrate easily with a motion control system.

The sensor system is supplied with two PNP or NPN (normally closed) switches. For additional switches or to order a normally open switch, contact Nook/Thomson Application Engineers.

Nook/Thomson sensors are designed to allow easy field adjustments. Magnets are secured to the extension tube to ensure a positive response once it passes near the position sensor. To adjust the position sensors simply position the extension tube in the correct position, loosen the locking screw, and then slide the movable sensor to the desired location until the sensor indicates a response. Additional sensors can be added or moved. It is also possible to add multiple sensors to the same slot.

DC rated operational voltage:
DC rated operational amperage:
Operating temperature:

## HOWTO ORDER SENSORS

## EXAMPLE:

PA05-P-03 / 0631-1000 SRT RA / V200B-G3 / BC / 12 / ANS

$$
\begin{aligned}
& P=P N P \\
& N=N P N
\end{aligned}
$$



## LINEAR POSITION TRANSDUCER

## BENEFITS

- Non-Contact - No wear, such as found with pot wipers on conductive mylar, particularly when mounted on dithered actuators or vibrating installations
- Low Power Needs - Allows use with printed circuit-level supplies of +24 VDC


## ANALOG

## OUTPUTS

Resolution: Infinite (limited by ripple on the power supply)
Repeatability: $< \pm 0.005 \%$ full stroke
Outputs: $0-10$ VDC

## ELECTRONICS

Operating voltage: 24 VDC
Supply Current: $50-140 \mathrm{~mA}$ (stroke dependent)

- No Drift - No periodic re-calibration needed
- Continuous absolute position measurement

DIGITAL

## OUTPUTS

Resolution: $\quad 100 \mu \mathrm{~m}, 10 \mu \mathrm{~m}, 5 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ (controller dependant) Repeatability: < $\pm 0.005 \%$ full stroke
Outputs: Pulse (start/stop)
RS-422 differential signal

## ELECTRONICS

Operating voltage: 24 VDC
Supply Current: $\quad 50-100 \mathrm{~mA}$ (stroke dependent)

NOTE: When using a linear position transducer, add 0.82 in to values L1, L2, and L3 to the chart on page 94 .


## ACCESSORIES

REARTRUNNION MOUNT


REAR MALE CLEVIS MOUNT


REAR FEMALE CLEVIS MOUNT*


* $5 / 8$ " diameter clevis pin and re-usable cotter pin included

FRONT FLANGE


## SPEED LOAD CURVES 0750-0200 BALLSCREW

## V400(B) SERVO MOTOR



## T34 STEPPER MOTOR



V200(B) SERVO MOTOR


T23 STEPPER MOTOR


CAUTON: motor input current must be considered to ensure that the actuator miximum capacity is not exceeded

SPEED LOAD CURVES
0750-0500 BALLSCREW

V400(B) SERVO MOTOR


T34 STEPPER MOTOR


V200(B) SERVO MOTOR


T23 STEPPER MOTOR


CAUTON: motor input current must be considered to ensure that the actuator miximum capacity is not exceeded

## SPEED LOAD CURVES 0631-1000 BALLSCREW

V400(B) SERVO MOTOR


T34 STEPPER MOTOR


V200(B) SERVO MOTOR


T23 STEPPER MOTOR


CAUTON: motor input current must be considered to ensure that the actuator miximum capacity is not exceeded

## SPEED LOAD CURVES

3/4-10 ACME SCREW

V400(B) SERVO MOTOR


T34 STEPPER MOTOR


V200(B) SERVO MOTOR


T23 STEPPER MOTOR


CAUTON: motor input current must be considered to ensure that the actuator miximum capacity is not exceeded

## SPEED LOAD CURVES <br> 3/4-6 ACME SCREW

V400(B) SERVO MOTOR


T34 STEPPER MOTOR


V200(B) SERVO MOTOR


T23 STEPPER MOTOR


CAUTON: motor input current must be considered to ensure that the actuator miximum capacity is not exceeded

## PRECISION LINEAR ACTUATORS



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## CCTM SERIES COMPACT CYLINDER

## INSIDE THE CC ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ CYLINDER

HIGH PERFORMANCE, LOW COST, POSITIONING SYSTEM 3000 LB. STATIC CAPACITY
 consuming power. (Ball Screw models only)

## MOUNTING ENDS

The CC™ Linear Actuator can be fitted with multiple mounting arrangements including a variety of clevis and mounting ends.

| $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ Bolt |
| :---: |
| $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ Spherical Rod Eye |
| $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ Clevis End |
| $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ Threaded Rod End |



BASE MOUNTS
A variety of mounting brackets and optional trunnion mounts are available.

## MOTORS

The CCTM Linear Actuator offers a variety of $A C$ and DC motors including an optional stepper motor．

| 12 VDC |
| :---: |
| 24 VDC |
| 36 VDC |
| 90 VDC |
| 110 VAC |
| Stepper |

## LIMIT SWITCH

The screw type limit switch offers precise positioning for travels up to 36 inches．The design of this switch allows the user to easily set limits at both ends of travel


The CC $^{\text {TM }}$ Linear Actuator is fitted with either a belt drive or multiple gear ratios．

| 18：1 GEAR |
| :---: |
| 19：1 BELT |
| $28: 1$ GEAR |
| $58: 1$ GEAR |



Ball Nut


Acme Nut

## LIFTING SCREW

Optional acme and ball screw lead and diameters are available．

| 5／8－5 Acme Screw |
| :---: |
| 0631－0200 Ball Screw |
| 0631－0500 Ball Screw（no brake available）＊ |
| 0750－0200 Ball Screw（no brake available）＊ |

[^5]

## CLUTCH

The CC Linear Actuator gear head offers a heavy－duty clutch that protects the gears and components in the event of overload or overtravel．Not available with belt drive．

## INTRODUCTION <br> CC ${ }^{\text {T }}$ CYLINDERS

Nook/Thomson CC™ Actuators are a combination of an electric motor and an acme screw or a high efficiency ball screw. They are designed to be ready to install directly into any industrial or commercial application. They are ideally suited for any OEM application where linear motion is needed. These high-quality actuators feature:

- Durable construction
- Dependable performance
- Long-life operation
- High repeatability
- Operation in either compression or tension loading applications
- Adjustable limit switches
- Lifetime lubrication
- Mechanical overload protection
- Corrosion resistant exterior surfaces


## COMMON APPLICATIONS

- Telecommunications
- Architectural Automation
- Medical and Hospital Equipment
- Semiconductor
- Food Processing
- Farm Equipment
- Satellite Dish and Antenna Positioning


## DUTY CYCLE

$25 \%$, max "on-time" of 5 minutes at rated load

## TEMPERATURE RATING

Operating temperature range is $-30^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $+160^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION CLASS

- IP54


Nook/Thomson Linear Actuators used in a tire balancing machine.

## REFERENCE NUMBER SYSTEM



DIMENSIONS AND PERFORMANCE
BALL SCREW SERIES

Trunnion mounting .500 dia. Standoffs (Standard)


12VDC SPEED AMPS





[^6]






110VAC SPEED AMPS


nookindustries.com

## DIMENSIONS AND PERFORMANCE <br> ACME SCREW SERIES





12VDC HI SPEED SPEED AMPS




* 110 Vac options is supplied with a 110 Vdc motor and rectifier.


## ACCESSORIES

Nook/Thomson offers a variety of accessories that are specifically designed for the CC ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Actuators. There are several mounting options to choose from, including two tandem configurations. Limit switch and sensor options, as well as control devices are also available. The $C^{\text {TM }}$ Actuator can be provided with boot covers for environmental protection for both the extension tube and for the motor gear box.


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TRUNNION BRACKETS
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KEYED ACTUATORS
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SENSOR AND CONTROL OPTIONS
Page 122

## CLAMPS

STANDARD CLAMP
Part Number: 818-20


HEAVY DUTY CLAMP
Part Number: 818-50


## HEAVY DUTY LONG CS CLAMP

Part Number: 818-51CS


HEAVY DUTY LONG CLAMP
Part Number: 818-51


TRUNNION CLAMP
Part Number: 818-55


HEAVY DUTY IN-LINE CLAMP
Part Number: 818-52



## MOUNTING BRACKETS

HEAVY DUTY IN-LINE BRACKET
PART NUMBER: 844-52
For use with 1500 lb capacity units


LIGHT DUTY IN-LINE BRACKET
PART NUMBER: 844-50
For use with 750 lb capacity units


## TRUNNION MOUNTING BRACKETS

TRUNNION BRACKET
Part Number: 846-20


LONG TRUNNION BRACKET
Part Number: 846-21


## SIDETRUNNION BRACKET

Part Number: 846-22


## ROD END MOUNTING OPTIONS

CC Linear Actuators can be mounted with standard trunnions and clevis end. When double clevis mounting is required, an optional bracket is available.

MALE CLEVIS


1/2" SWIVEL BALL END


³4" SWIVEL BALL END


TAPPED HOLE


## U-MOUNT

U-Mount configuration is designed with two actuating cylinders that work in tandem providing a uniform synchronized motion in the same direction, with a single motor and gear box. The tandem mount can be field-adjusted to varying widths. Additional actuator rod can be added to accommodate longer arrangements.

The U-Mount comes with a standard width adjustment of 70 " max to $48 "$ min center to center of the actuator rods. An optional width adjustment can be provided giving an $82^{\prime \prime}$ max to 60 "min from center to center of the actuator rods.


HOWTO ORDER A U-MOUNT CC™ CYLINDER
CCU18-HD / C / 111 / AA / 24 / BS
U-Mount designation

## T-MOUNT

T-Mount configuration is designed with two actuating cylinders that work in opposing directions. Both actuator rods are connected to the same motor and gearbox providing a uniform synchronized motion in the opposite direction.

HOWTO ORDER A U-MOUNT CC™ CYLINDER
CCT18-HD / C / 111 / AA / 24 / BS
$\qquad$ T-Mount designation


## ALTERNATE GEARBOX ASSEMBLIES

CC Cylinders can also be fitted with a 1:1 Miter Gearbox, or a 5:1 or 20:1 Worm Screw Gear Box. Contact Nook/Thomson for alternate gearbox options.


## KEYED ACTUATORS

The $\mathrm{CC}^{\text {TM }}$ Actuator comes with a keyed option that allows an extension rod with an anti－rotation feature which will not allow the transmission of toque to the rod end mount．This is ideal for applications where load structures cannot accommodate torque loads．


## BOOTS

The CC™ Actuator can be fitted with a bellows boot to protect the extension tube from contamination．

Standard boots are molded for oil，water，and weather resistance and are furnished with tie straps．Tie straps are attached from convolution to convolution and help the boot extend uniformly．

A motor boot can be added to cover the gearbox and motor to protect them from the environment．The motor boot is made from a molded plastic that can be easily retrofitted in the field．


## WIPERS

The CC™ Actuator can be provided with a custom fitted wiper to prevent moisture and debris from entering the rod end opening of the outer tube．It is ideal for dirty，harsh，and wet environments．


GEARBOXES
Part number CP－790－00

| Right Angle Torque Capacity | 150 in－lb |
| :---: | :--- |
| Thru Drive Torque Capacity | 450 in－lb |



## SENSOR OPTIONS

Nook/Thomson sensor options are used to provide input to counters, PLCs, or other control systems.

## POTENTIOMETER

The 10 K ohm potentiometer provides a varying resistance in proportion to the travel. Potentiometers offer absolute position feedback regardless of the loss of power.

## HALL EFFECT

The hall effect sensor provides pulses at the rate of 40 per inch of travel.

## REED SWITCH (OPTIONAL)

The reed switch provides contact closures at the rate of 40 per inch of travel. Contact Nook/Thomson Engineering for ordering details.

## ENCODER

All resolutions stated are before quadrature decoding (example: 1,000 PPR $\times 4=4,000$ counts)

Pulses per Rev Options [PPR] : 48, 96, 100, 125, 196, 200, 250, 256, 384, 400, 500, 512, 800, 1,000, 1,024, 2,048

Resolution: All resolutions stated are before quadrature decoding (example 1000 PPR $\times 4=4000$ counts)
3.6 VDC - 5.5 VDC; Max power consumption 10 mA

Temp range: $-40-100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Current consumption: 6 mA (typ), 10mA max

## 10k Potentiometer



Reed Switch


Actuators with 20 " or less stroke, resolution is 500 ohms per inch ot travel. Greater then 20 " of stroke the resolution is 250 ohms per inch of travel.

## CCTM CYLINDER <br> LINEAR ACTUATORS

## MOTOR DIAGRAM

WITHOUT LIMIT SWITCH
WITH LIMIT SWITCH


## WITH DUAL LIMIT SWITCHES

Secondary Switches Wired Normally Closed


## 110 VAC ADAPTER

## WITH RECTITIER

When 110 VAC input voltage is required, a DC motor is supplied with a rectifier.


Secondary Switches Wired Normally Open


## SETTING MOTOR LIMIT SWITCHES

## Setting the RetracTed Limit Switch

1. Drive the Actuator in the Retract direction with the lift rod unsecured from the load until the bottom limit switch is contacted.
2. Retract the lift rod by hand until it contacts the bottom stop.
3. Rotate one full rotation, allowing for approximately .200 overtravel.


## Setting the Extended Limit Switch

1. Drive the Actuator in the Extended direction until the desired limit is achieved.
2. Remove back cover.
3. Loosen the setscrew on the Limit Switch Rod.
4. Adjust the Limit Switch Rod until the Extended Switch is contacted.
5. Re-Tighten the setscrew.
6. Replace Cover.

## PRECISION LINEAR ACTUATORS



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COMMERCIAL SERIES ACTUATORS

COMMERCIAL SERIES
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ND8 DC Actuators
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## VMD3 DC LINEAR ACTUATOR

The VMD3 Linear Actuator is completely self-contained and sealed for both indoor and outdoor use. It fits into small areas without sacrificing power or reliability. The load and length configurations of the VMD3 Linear Actuator cover a diverse range of intermittent applications requiring lifting, positioning, sorting, opening, clamping, and adjusting


## COMMERCIAL SERIES ACTUATORS VMD3 DC LINEAR ACTUATORS

## PART NUMBER SYSTEM

SERIES VMD3 MODEL

## TECHNICAL DATA

## FEATURES:

- Aluminum Extension \& Outer Tubes
- Clevis to Clevis mounting
- Travel: 50, 100, 150, 200, 250, 300mm
- Duty Cycle: 25\%
- Environment: $-26^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Preset Limit Switches
- Gear Ratios: 5:1, 10:1, 20:1, 30:1, 40:1
- IP65

OPTIONS:

- Potentiometer
- Hall Effect Sensor



Nook/Thomson Linear Actuators are widely used in the medical industry.

| STANDARD (REF) | $\mathbf{2 "}$ | $\mathbf{4 "}$ | $\mathbf{6 "}$ | $\mathbf{8 "}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 "}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 "}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Travel (mm) | 50 | 100 | 150 | 200 | 250 | 300 |
| Retracted Length (A) | 158 | 209 | 260 | 311 | 362 | 413 |
| Extended Length (A + stroke) | 208 | 309 | 410 | 511 | 612 | 713 |



| WITH POTENTIOMETER (REF) | $\mathbf{2 "}$ | $\mathbf{4 "}$ | $\mathbf{6 "}$ | $\mathbf{8 "}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 "}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 "}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Travel (mm) | 50 | 100 | 150 | 200 | 250 | 300 |
| Retracted Length (A) | 195 | 246 | 297 | 348 | 399 | 450 |
| Extended Length (A + stroke) | 245 | 346 | 445 | 548 | 649 | 750 |



| WITH HALL EFFECT (REF) | $\mathbf{2 "}$ | $\mathbf{4 "}$ | $\mathbf{6 "}$ | $\mathbf{8 "}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 "}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 "}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Travel (mm) | 50 | 100 | 150 | 200 | 250 | 300 |
| Retracted Length (A) | 158 | 209 | 260 | 311 | 362 | 413 |
| Extended Length $(A+$ stroke $)$ | 208 | 309 | 410 | 511 | 612 | 713 |



## ND8 DC LINEAR ACTUATOR

The ND8 Linear Actuator is an economical, general purpose DC actuator designed for relatively light load applications. It comes equipped with either a ball screw or an acme screw. The ball screw version is equipped with a brake to prevent backdriving. Options are available including potentiometer and adjustable limit switches.

PART NUMBER SYSTEM


OPTION
LT $=$ Limit Switch
POT = Potentiometer
Optional modified clevis angles. C0 is standard.


## SAMPLE PART NUMBERS

- ND8-12-5-B-152-LT-IP65
- ND8-24-20-A-158-LT-POT-IP65


## TECHNICAL DATA

## BALL SCREW SERIES

## FEATURES

- Stainess steel extension tube
- High efficiency ball screw
- Working temperature: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Static load capacity: 13600 N
- Powder metallurgy gears
- No back driving
- Gear ratios: 5:1, 10:1, 20:1, 30:1, 40:1
- Overload protection by clutch
- Travel length: 100-600 mm
- Duty cycle: 25\%
- IP65

OPTIONS:

- Potentiometer
- Adjustable limit switches
- Manual drive by hand crank
- Optional or customized front/rear mounting bracket


## Note:

Manual Drive not available with Limit Switch or Potentiometer, only available with IP54, and 5:1, 10:1, or $20: 1$ ratios.



| GEAR RATIO | MAX PUSH <br> (N) | MAX PULL <br> $(\mathbf{N})$ | SPEED AT NO <br> LOAD <br> $(\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s})$ | SPEED AT FULL <br> LOAD $(\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s})$ | STROKE <br> $(\mathrm{mm})$ | VOLTAGE <br> (VDC) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $5: 1$ | 2500 | 2500 | 67 | 47 | $102-610$ | $12 / 24$ |
| $\mathbf{1 0 : 1}$ | 3500 | 3500 | 33.5 | 26.7 | $102-610$ | $12 / 24$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 : 1}$ | 4500 | 4500 | 17 | 14.3 | $102-610$ | $12 / 24$ |
| $\mathbf{3 0 : 1}$ | 6000 | 6000 | 11 | 10 | $102-610$ | $12 / 24$ |
| $\mathbf{4 0 : 1}$ | 7000 | 7000 | 8.4 | 7.4 | $102-610$ | $12 / 24$ |


| STANDARD | $\mathbf{4 "}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{6 "}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{8 "}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 \prime}$ | $\mathbf{1 8 "}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 "}^{\prime \prime}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Travel $( \pm 2.5 \mathrm{~mm})$ | 102 | 153 | 203 | 254 | 305 | 457 | 610 |
| Retracted Length $\mathrm{A}( \pm 3.8 \mathrm{~mm})$ | 302 | 353 | 404 | 455 | 506 | 735 | 888 |



| WITH POTENTIOMETER | $\mathbf{4 "}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{6 "}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{8 "}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 \prime}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 \prime}$ | $\mathbf{1 8}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 "}^{\prime \prime}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Travel ( $\pm 2.5 \mathrm{~mm})$ | 102 | 153 | 203 | 254 | 305 | 457 | 610 |
| Retracted Length A ( $\pm 3.8 \mathrm{~mm})$ | 342 | 393 | 444 | 495 | 546 | 775 | 928 |



| WITH LIMIT SWITCH* | $\mathbf{4 "}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{6 "}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{8 "}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 "}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 "}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{1 8 "}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 "}^{\prime \prime}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Travel ( $\pm 5 \mathrm{~mm})$ | 102 | 153 | 203 | 254 | 305 | 457 | 610 |
| Retracted Length A ( $\pm 5 \mathrm{~mm})$ | 399 | 450 | 501 | 552 | 680 | 832 | 985 |

* with or without potentiometer



## TECHNICAL DATA

## ACME SCREW SERIES

## FEATURES:

- Steel Extension Tube
- Acme screw
- Working temperature: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Static load capacity: 4500 N
- Powder metallurgy gears
- No back driving
- Gear Ratios: 10:1, 20:1, 40:1
- Overload protection by clutch
- Standard strokes: 102, 152, 203, 254, 305, 457, 610 mm
- Duty cycle: 25\%
- IP65


OPTIONS:

- Potentiometer
- Adjustable limit switches
- Manual drive by hand crank
- Optional or customized front/rear mounting bracket


## Note:

Manual Drive not available with Limit Switch or Potentiometer, only available with IP54, and 5:1, 10:1, or $20: 1$ ratios.


| GEAR RATIO | MAX PUSH <br> (N) | MAX PULL <br> $(\mathbf{N})$ | SPEED AT NO <br> LOAD <br> $(\mathbf{m m} / \mathbf{s})$ | SPEED AT FULL <br> LOAD $(\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s})$ | STROKE <br> $(\mathbf{m m})$ | VOLTAGE <br> (VDC) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $10: 1$ | 1500 | 1500 | 33.5 | 26.7 | $102-610$ | $12 / 24$ |
| $20: 1$ | 2500 | 2500 | 17 | 14.3 | $102-610$ | $12 / 24$ |
| $40: 1$ | 3500 | 3500 | 8.4 | 7.4 | $102-610$ | $12 / 24$ |


| STANDARD | $\mathbf{4 "}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{6 "}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{8 "}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 "}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 "}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{1 8}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 "}^{\prime \prime}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Travel ( $\pm 5 \mathrm{~mm})$ | 102 | 153 | 203 | 254 | 305 | 457 | 610 |
| Retracted Length A ( $\pm 3.8 \mathrm{~mm})$ | 262 | 313 | 364 | 415 | 465 | 668 | 821 |



| WITH POTENTIOMETER | $\mathbf{4 "}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{6 "}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{8 "}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{1 2}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{1 8}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 "}^{\prime \prime}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Travel $( \pm 5 \mathrm{~mm})$ | 102 | 153 | 203 | 254 | 305 | 457 | 610 |
| Retracted Length A $( \pm 3.8 \mathrm{~mm})$ | 302 | 353 | 404 | 454 | 505 | 708 | 861 |



| WITH LIMIT SWTCHES* | $4^{\prime \prime}$ | $6^{\prime \prime}$ | $8^{\prime \prime}$ | $10^{\prime \prime}$ | $12^{\prime \prime}$ | $18^{\prime \prime}$ | $24^{\prime \prime}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Travel ( $\pm 5 \mathrm{~mm})$ | 102 | 153 | 203 | 254 | 305 | 457 | 610 |
| Retracted Length A ( $\pm 3.8 \mathrm{~mm})$ | 359 | 410 | 460 | 511 | 613 | 765 | 918 |

* with or without potentiometer



## NIA5 AC LINEAR ACTUATOR

The NIA5 Linear Actautor is an economical, general purpose AC actuator designed for relatively light load applications. It is designed for intermittent duty applications and has a maximum load of 3500 N . It comes equipped with either a ball screw or an acme screw. The ball screw version is equipped with a brake to prevent backdriving Options are available including potentiometer and adjustable limit


## PART NUMBER SYSTEM



## SAMPLE PART NUMBERS

－NIA5－230－5－B－153－LT－IP65
－ND8－115－20－A－203－LT－POT－IP65

## TECHNICAL DATA

BALL SCREW SERIES

## FEATURES

- Stainless Steel Extension Tube
- Working temperature: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Static load capacity: $13,600 \mathrm{~N}$
- Ball screw
- Powder metallurgy gears
- Aluminum alloy housing
- Overload protection by clutch
- Self-locking
- Thermal overload protection in the motor
- Gear Ratios: 5:1, 10:1, 20:1, 30:1, 40:1
- Duty cycle: $25 \%$
- IP65

OPTIONS:

- Potentiometer
- Adjustable limit switches
- Optional or customized front/rear mounting bracket


## 115/230 VAC MOTOR

- Max Load: 7000N
- Max Speed: 56 mm/sec


## Note:

Manual Drive not available.

115 VAC


230 VAC
SPEED VS. LOAD


CURRENT VS. LOAD


CURRENTVS. LOAD


| GEAR RATIO | MAX PUSH <br> (N) | MAX PULL <br> (N) | SPEED AT NO <br> LOAD <br> $(\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s})$ | SPEED AT FULL <br> LOAD $(\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s})$ | STROKE <br> (mm) | VOLTAGE <br> (VAC) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $5: 1$ | 2500 | 2500 | $52.8 / 43.5$ | $40.8 / 29.0$ | $102-610$ | $115 / 230$ |
| $10: 1$ | 3500 | 3500 | $26.5 / 21.8$ | $22.9 / 17.5$ | $102-610$ | $115 / 230$ |
| $20: 1$ | 4500 | 4500 | $13.1 / 10.8$ | $11.8 / 9.3$ | $102-610$ | $115 / 230$ |
| $30: 1$ | 6000 | 6000 | $8.7 / 7.2$ | $7.9 / 3.6$ | $102-610$ | $115 / 230$ |
| $40: 1$ | 7000 | 7000 | $6.6 / 5.4$ | $6.0 / 4.9$ | $102-610$ | $115 / 230$ |


| STANDARD | $\mathbf{4 "}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{6 "}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{8 "}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 "}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{1 8 \prime}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 \prime}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stroke（ $\pm 5 \mathrm{~mm})$ | 102 | 153 | 203 | 305 | 457 | 610 |
| Retracted Length A（ $\pm 3.8 \mathrm{~mm})$ | 302 | 353 | 404 | 506 | 735 | 888 |



| WITH POTENTIOMETER | $\mathbf{4 "}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{6 "}$ | $\mathbf{8 "}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 \prime}$ | $\mathbf{1 8 \prime}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 \prime \prime}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stroke $( \pm 5 \mathrm{~mm})$ | 102 | 153 | 203 | 305 | 457 | 610 |
| Retracted Length A（ $\pm 3.8 \mathrm{~mm})$ | 342 | 393 | 444 | 546 | 775 | 928 |



| WITH LIMIT SWTCHES＊ | 4＂ | 6＂ | 8＂ | 12＂ | 18＂ | 24＂ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stroke（ $\pm 5 \mathrm{~mm}$ ） | 102 | 153 | 203 | 305 | 457 | 610 |
| Retracted Length A（ $\pm 3.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ ） | 399 | 450 | 501 | 680 | 832 | 985 |



## TECHNICAL DATA

ACME SCREW SERIES

FEATURES

- Steel Extension Tube
- Acme screw
- Working temperature: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Static load capacity: 4500 N
- Powder metallurgy gears
- No back driving
- Gear Ratios: 10:1, 20:1, 40:1
- Overload protection by clutch
- Standard strokes: 102, 152, 203, 254, 305, 457, 610 mm
- Duty cycle: $25 \%$
- IP65


## 115 VAC



230 VAC
SPEED VS. LOAD


OPTIONS

- Potentiometer
- Adjustable limit switches
- Optional or customized front/rear mounting bracket


## 115/230 VAC MOTOR

- Max Load: 3500N
- Max Speed: 28 mm/sec


## Note:

Manual Drive not available.



|  | MAX PUSH <br> $(\mathbf{N})$ | MAX PULL <br> $(\mathbf{N})$ | SPEED AT NO <br> LOAD <br> $(\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s})$ | SPEED AT FULL <br> LOAD $(\mathbf{m m} / \mathrm{s})$ | STROKE <br> $(\mathbf{m m})$ | VOLTAGE <br> (VAC) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GEAR RATIO | 1500 | 1500 | $26.5 / 21.8$ | $22.9 / 17.5$ | $102-610$ | $115 / 230$ |
| $10: 1$ | 2500 | 2500 | $13.1 / 10.8$ | $11.8 / 9.3$ | $102-610$ | $115 / 230$ |
| $20: 1$ | 3500 | 3500 | $6.6 / 5.4$ | $6.0 / 4.9$ | $102-610$ | $115 / 230$ |
| $40: 1$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| STANDARD | $\mathbf{4 "}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{6 "}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{8 "}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 "}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 "}^{\prime \prime}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stroke ( $\pm 5 \mathrm{~mm})$ | 102 | 153 | 203 | 305 | 457 | 610 |
| Retracted Length A ( $\pm 3.8 \mathrm{~mm})$ | 262 | 313 | 364 | 465 | 668 | 821 |



| WITH POTENTIOMETER | $\mathbf{4 "}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{6 "}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{8 "}^{\prime \prime}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 \prime}$ | $\mathbf{1 8 \prime}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 "}^{\prime \prime}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stroke ( $\pm 5 \mathrm{~mm})$ | 102 | 153 | 203 | 305 | 457 | 610 |
| Retracted Length A ( $\pm 3.8 \mathrm{~mm})$ | 302 | 353 | 404 | 505 | 708 | 861 |



| WITH LIMIT SWTCHES* | 4" | 6" | 8" | 12" | 18" | 24" |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stroke ( $\pm 5 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) | 102 | 153 | 203 | 305 | 457 | 610 |
| Retracted Length A ( $\pm 3.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) | 359 | 410 | 460 | 613 | 765 | 918 |



## QUALITY

## HISTORY

Since 1969, Nook Industries, Inc. has relentlessly and continuously developed the capabilities and skills to deliver products of the highest quality. Knowledge of testing and design, coupled with this experience working with stringent customer requirements in aerospace, medical, energy and military applications has provided the background to be a reliable partner.

## HIGHTECH QUALITY EXPERIENCE

When you select Nook/Thomson as a supplier, you can be assured that your product will be designed and tested to rigorous product planning. Pre-design activity includes understanding of customer requirements applied to predictive models, engineering calculations and linear modeling through prototype development, stereolithography samples of form, fit, and function that verify design criteria.

## VALIDATION AND VERIFICATION

Through many years of rigorous development, Nook/ Thomson has proven its designs and manufacturing processes against the most stringent standards and specifications. Design and process verification and validation tools are employed throughout the product life cycle.

## CERTIFICATIONS

Nook Industries, Inc. is certified to ISO-9001-2008 Internationally Recognized Quality System. Nook/ Thomson also serves many customers in the Aerospace and Medical device markets and has complied with those Quality System Requirements as well.

## ITAR

Nook/Thomson is registered with the Department Of State For International Traffic In Arms Compliance.


## INSPECTION CAPABILITY



Laser Lead Measurement - Precise lead error gauging is utilized to validate processes to conform to Nook/Thomson internal specifications and customer requirements.


## Zeiss Roundness Measurement -

Critical to quality, characteristics such as roundness are monitored throughout the screw manufacturing process.


Zeiss Contour Readers - Prior to the start of any production run, thread form geometry is precisely measured to stringent engineering specifications.


Metallurgical Lab - The metallurgical lab is capable of determining material composition from raw materials to final product. A micro hardness and case depth inspection is a routine check that validates the heat treat process.



## QUALITYTOOLS:

- Design for Six Sigma manufacturing
- D.O.E. (Design of Experiments)
- APQP (Advanced Product Quality Planning)
- DFMEA, PFEMA
- FEA (Finite Element Analysis)
- DVP\&R (Design Verification Plan \& Report)
- Reliability Testing
- Process validation to 21 CFR Part 82 (Medical Device)



## NOOK/THOMSON

 QUALITY EVOLUTIONDEVELOPED MANUFACTURING SYSTEMS

QUALITY SYSTEMS AND ACCREDITATIONS

SUPPLY CHAIN APPROVAL PROCESS

## STATE OFTHE ART MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

APQP LAUNCH PROTOCOLS

SYSTEM AND PROCESS PROTOCOLS

ENGINEERING ANALYSIS AND PREDICTIVETOOLS

CTQ/KPV ENGINEERING SPECIFICATION PROCESSES

RELIABILITY ENGINEERING ANDTESTING

DVP\&R ANDTEST PLANNING

## FUNCTIONALTESTING

Nook/Thomson test systems and engineered testing processes perform analysis, verification, and solidification of life, durability, and performance. The functional testing defines operating limits in specifications and helps set defined targets in Product Launch Process and Assurance Plans.


High Load Modular Test System $40,000 \mathrm{lb}$ load - 100" CC

## TESTING

## Efficiency Measurement

Nook/Thomson Engineering has designed test machines to measure and validate screw assembly efficiency.


Torque Measurement - Preloaded ball screw assemblies are evaluated to determine compliance with engineering specifications utilizing a Dynamic Torque Testing Machine.


NOOK/THOMSON DESIGNED AND BUILT TEST MACHINES

CUSTOM ENGINEERED
AND BUILTTEST INSTRUMENTATION

DESIGN ANDTEST FOR FAULTTOLERANCE AND PROGNOSTICS

OVERLOAD/PROOF END OF LINETESTING

CERTIFICATIONTESTING

## -TTHOMSON

Linear Motion. Optimized."'


[^0]:    * May double Dynamic Load with a double nut

[^1]:    Always S, B or M
    $\mathrm{S}=$ Standard. no additional description required
    $B=$ Bellows Boots (See pages xxx-xxx)

[^2]:    Nook/Thomson Electric Cylinders are used in many nautical applications.

[^3]:    Nook/Thomson Electric Cylinders used in as the brake mechanism in an overhead crane.

[^4]:    * At motor input
    ** Based on 35\% Duty Cycle. Refer to page 10 for horsepower rating definitions.

[^5]:    ＊optional

[^6]:    * Belt-driven

[^7]:    Nook/Thomson Linear Actuators are used in many agricultural applications.

